CN1127 *Modbus Monitor & Control Unit*





Contents	
List Tables	3
List of Figures	4
1.0 General notes	4
1.1 Exclusion of liability	5
1.2 Introduction	5
2.0 Safety notice	5
3.0 Overview	6
3.1 Specification	6
3.2 Installation	6
3.3 Hot plugging	6
3.4 RS485 wiring	6
4.0 Configuration and first use	7
4.1 Electrical connections	7
4.2 Initial power ON	9
4.3 First time configuration	9
4.3.1 Wi-Fi setup	9
4.3.2 Ethernet setup	9
4.3.3 Configuring a fan array	9
4.3.4 Device Setup	10
4.3.5 Fan addressing – Configure fan communications	10
4.3.6 Fan addressing – Configure external Modbus communications	11
4.3.7 Fan addressing – auto addressing (Serial no. based addressing)	11
4.3.7.1 Finding an existing fan network	12
4.3.7.2 Auto address fans	12
4.3.8 Re-ordering fans	13
4.3.8.1 Visual Re-ordering	13
4.3.8.2 DCI Reordering	14
4.3.9 Fan Grouping	15
5.0 Operating modes	16
5.1 Overview	16
5.2 Monitor mode	18
5.3 Webserver control mode	19
5.4 Proportional control mode	20
	Page 1 of 61

5.5 Constant Volume / Pressure mode		ehmnanet
5.6 Multi source control mode	24	oninhahor
5.7 Group 2 offset / Independent		
5.8 Summary Page	27	onginooring a bottor life
5.9 Fan Status Page		engineering a better life
6.0 Pressure sensor connections		
6.1 Sensor configuration		
6.2 Sensor wiring and airline connections		
6.3 Choosing the pressure sensor range for constant v	olume	
6.4 Sensor mapping		
7.0 Advanced settings		
7.1 Communication Settings for Fans		
7.2 Communication Settings for BMS		
7.3 System Reset & Restart		
7.4 Fan Speed Cap (0-100%)		
7.5 Controller Input Cap (0-100%)		
7.6 External Switch Input 1 Enable / Disable Fans		
7.7 External Switch Input 2 Setpoint 1 / Setpoint 2		
7.8 PID values		
7.9 0-10V Output Follower		
7.10 System Units		
7.11 Relay Configuration		
7.12 Controller Detected Warnings		
7.13 Resonance Avoidance		40
7.14 Fan Communications Diagnostics		42
7.15 Expansion Modules		42
7.16 Customer Information		43
7.17 Device Information		43
7.18 SD Card Update		44
8.0 LED Alarm / Warning indications		44
9.0 Replacing the controller		45
10.0 Replacing a fan		45
11.0 Device Factory Reset		45
12.0 Dimensions		46
13.0 WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment)		47
14.0 End of life		47
15.0 Take back policy		47
16.0 Transport & Storage		47

17.0 Maintenance and servicing	47
18.0 CE Certificates	47
Appendix A	48
A.1 Proportional Control Graph	48
A.2 Constant Volume strategy based on Backward curved centrifugal fan	49
A.3 Constant Volume with capped fan speed based on Bac	kward c
A.4 Dual setpoint	
Appendix B	



engineering a better life

A.3 Constant Volume with capped fan speed based on Backward curved centrifugal fan	50
A.4 Dual setpoint	52
Appendix B	53
B.1 Modbus holding registers for site design	53
B.2 Modbus holding registers for system configuration and control	53
B.3 Modbus holding registers for remote system overview	55
B.4 Modbus holding registers for individual fan monitoring	56
B.5 Fan Alarm and Warning Register	58
B.6 Fan Vibration Sensor Status Register	59
B.7 Modbus Direct fan access	60
Appendix C	61
C.1 Change notes V1.1.0	61

List Tables

Table 1 - Specification information	6
Table 2 - Connection details top row	7
Table 3 - Connection details bottom row	8
Table 4 - Communication setup for fans	10
Table 5 - Communication setup for external device	11
Table 6 - Operation mode options	17
Table 7 - Group summary headings	27
Table 8 - Fan status headings	
Table 9 - LED indication codes	44
Table 10 - Site design holding registers	53
Table 11 – System configuration and control holding registers	54
Table 12 - System data holding registers	55
Table 13 - Locally stored fan data holding registers	56
Table 14 - Fan alarm & warning registers	58
Table 15 – Fan vibration sensor status register	59
Table 16 - Modbus Direct fan access holding registers	60

List of Figures

Figure 1 - RS485 connections - MMCU one end	
Figure 2 - Link Bar removal7	
Figure 3 – Daisy chain reordering extra fan connection	
Figure 4 - Example 0-10v potentiometer input 21	engineering a better life
Figure 5 – Example pressure sensor connection to controller 22	engineering a better me
Figure 6 - Switch between two setpoints	
Figure 7 - Example BMS connection	
Figure 8 – Offset example for Group 2	
Figure 9 - Pressure sensor connections.	
Figure 10 - Connecting to tapping rings for Volume measurement	
Figure 11 - Example connection of pressure sensor connected to a fan Vou	it supply30
Figure 12 – Example connection of pressure sensor connected to a separa	te power supply31
Figure 13 - Installation of multiple pressure sensors for Volume measureme	ent31
Figure 14 - installation of multiple pressure sensors for Pressure measurem	nent31
Figure 15 - Volume measurement set up with multiple fans connected to on	e sensor33
Figure 16 - Enable / Disable switch	
Figure 17 - Setpoint toggle switch	
Figure 18 - Resonance avoidance speed mask pre-step change	41
Figure 19 - Resonance avoidance speed mask post-step change	41

🗥 Important 🛕

To assure proper usage, we ask you to read these operating instructions carefully before installation and commissioning of the control device.

NOTE: The table below identifies the features compatible with your controller's firmware issue number. This is shown in the configuration app when connected and on the label at the back of the printed circuit board.

Firmware Issue	Notes
1.1.0	As per this OMI release, refer to Appendix C for change notes.
1	As per previous OMI release

1.0 General notes

Before installation and start-up of the MMCU, please read this OMI carefully to ensure correct use. This OMI applies only to the MMCU and not for the complete system it is connected to. It is recommended to keep a copy of these operating instructions together with the device. It must be ensured that all persons that are to work on the device can refer to the operating instructions at any time.

ebmpapst

1.1 Exclusion of liability

To allow for future developments, in fan technology and controller refinements, any technical data given here is subject to alteration. We do not accept any liability for possible errors or omissions in the information contained in the data, illustrations or drawings provided. We accept no liability for damage caused by misuse, incorrect use, improper use or as a consequence of unauthorised repairs or modifications.



engineering a better life

1.2 Introduction

The Modbus Monitor & Control Unit (MMCU) is a device with two RS485 ports for accessing the status of the connected equipment. The 'RS485 fan' port communicates with ebm-papst Modbus enabled, Electronically Commutated (EC) fans with software version 5.0 or later using a two-wire plus ground RS485 connection. The 'RS485 BMS' port communicates with an external Modbus Master device e.g., Building Management System (BMS) and provides real-time monitoring and control data.

The MMCU features a Modbus auto-addressing program to ease installation and commissioning where it automatically searches and addresses up to 99 of the same generation EC fans connected to its 'RS485 fan' port.

Five different operating modes are supported, Monitor, Fixed speed, Proportional control, Multi source and Constant Volume / Pressure.

2.0 Safety notice

A CAUTION – Safety

The Modbus Monitor & Control Unit (MMCU) is only suitable for a safety extra low voltage supply of 24VDC up to 57VDC or 24VAC. An isolated voltage supply is recommended to be used.

A CAUTION – Electro-Static Discharge

Many modern electronic components are susceptible to damage from Electro-Static Discharge (Static Electricity). During programming and commissioning, avoid unnecessary contact with electronic components on PCBs. PCBs are sensitive to static discharges so should be stored and transported in anti-static packaging until they are required to be used.

▲ Warning – Do not operate in an explosive atmosphere.

3.0 Overview

3.1 Specification



Product	Modbus Monitor & Control Unit - CN1127
Supply Voltage	24 VDC nominal (12 to 57VDC) from an external PSU or
(Reverse Polarity Protected)	24 VAC nominal (20 to 28VAC) from an external transformer
Supply Current	Max 200mA
Enclosure	DIN rail mount IP20
Enclosure Dimensions	See Section 11.0
Weight	165 g
Operating Environment	-20°C to +60°C, 90%RH at 40°C max.
EMC Compliance	EN61000-6-3 (emissions) EN61000-6-1 (immunity)
Safety Compliance	EN62368-1
Table 1 One sifis stirm information	

Table 1 - Specification information

3.2 Installation

Avoid exposure to vibration, high temperatures. The unit shall be installed according to relevant safety guidelines and requirements. Attention should be paid to local regulations and guidance.

3.3 Hot plugging

Hot plugging the controller is permissible, however, if a new or replacement controller is not at factory default settings, it will need to be reset to such.

3.4 RS485 wiring

For reliable communication with the fans, it is recommended to use shielded twisted pair cable with 120Ω impedance (RS485 standard cable), in a "Daisy Chain" wiring layout, run separate from mains supply wiring. We recommend placing the controller at one end of the RS485 network and to add a 220Ω termination resistor at the other end of the network.



CN1127 - MMCU

In case the controller is in the middle of the network, the built-in termination resistor must be taken out of the circuit by removing the 'Link bar' located on the PCB. Two resistors of the same value must be added at each end of the network.

ebmpapst



engineering a better life

Figure 2 - Link Bar removal

4.0 Configuration and first use

4.1 Electrical connections

Connection	Pin	Description	Function		
• 24v in	24V DC in		Power in		
• ov	0V (GND)	Or 24v AC ~			
	0V	Common 0V GND	Ground reference for switch inputs		
• ov • SW in 1	SW in 1	Switch input 1	Active low Fan enable / Disable (pulled up internally)		
• SW in 2	SW in 2	Switch input 2	Active low Setpoint toggle (pulled up internally)		
• 10V out	10v out	10VDC output	Reference for control inputs		
Outputov	Output	0-10v control output	Follower output for external device control 50mA rating		
	0V	Common 0V GND	Ground reference for switch inputs		
Relay Com		Common relay contact	Configurable clarm output relay 60 /DC 0.14 rating		
-0-0-	NC	Normally closed relay contact	Conligurable alarm output relay 60VDC 0.1A rating		
	24V out	24VDC output	Reference for powering a sensor		
• 24v out	4-20mA	4-20mA input	Current input from external sensor		
• 4-20mA 0V Common 0V GND		Common 0V GND	Ground reference for control inputs		
• ov • Input 2	Input 2	0-10V control input	Control input from external sensor or potentiometer		
• 10V out	10V out	10VDC output	Reference for control inputs		
Input 1ov	Input 1	0-10V control input	Control input from external sensor or potentiometer		
	0V	Common 0V GND	Ground reference for control inputs		
I²C BUS	I ² C Bus	Not used in this application	Future expansion		
Ethernet	Ethernet	LAN or Internet connection	LAN - alternative to Wi-Fi connection Internet – Dashboard, HMI		

Table 2 - Connection details top row

engineering a better life

Connection	Pin	Description	Function	
	Button 1	Wake up Wi-Fi	Press & hold for 5 secs	
	Green	Good / powered	LED indicator for good operation - Flashing	
	Yellow	Warning	LED indicator for Warnings	
Botton 2	Red	Alarm	LED indicator for Alarms	
	Button 2	Software Reset	Press & hold for 3 secs	
	A	RS485 'A' pin		
A B ov	В	RS485 'B' pin	RS485 connection to Fans	
RS485 Fan	0V	Common 0V (GND)		
Link	Link	Removable link	Removing internal termination resistor when MMCU is in the middle of a fan network. See 3.4	
	А	RS485 'A' pin	RS485 connection from 3 rd Party system e.g.	
A B ov	В	RS485 'B' pin		
RS485 BMS	0V	Common 0V (GND)	BMS	
	Micro SD Card	Firmware updates	Firmware updates	
Ŷ	Micro USB	Only used for programming		

Table 3 - Connection details bottom row

CAUTION: The controller cannot be powered by the fans Vout connection. It requires a separate power source.

4.2 Initial power ON

ebmpapst

engineering a better life

When power is applied, all three LED's will come on briefly and then the green light will blink slowly to confirm power is applied. In case

ethernet cable is connected to the controller, the green light will stay solid. The controller will check the onboard memory for a previously stored fan array and configuration. If there is no previously stored information, please follow the first-time configuration instructions.

4.3 First time configuration

▲ Note: Ensure your device settings allow for automatic proxy. Some devices may try and automatically connect to the internet when opening the browser and using Wi-Fi. This should be deactivated to ensure the Webserver page can load from the MMCU.

4.3.1 Wi-Fi setup

Once powered, press and hold 'Button 1' until the Green LED starts blinking at a faster interval, which wakes up the Wi-Fi connection. Using a Wi-Fi enabled phone, tablet or laptop open Wi-Fi settings and look for "MMCU". Select the device and enter **mmcu1234** to connect when prompted. Once connected the green LED will be solid. Now open your browser and connect to the webserver using <u>http://192.168.4.1</u>. Alternatively, check the assigned IP address of the MMCU in the connection information section of the device used to connect to the MMCU and enter <u>http://xxx.xxx.xxx</u> in your browser.

4.3.2 Ethernet setup

Once powered, connect a laptop directly to the MMCU using an Ethernet cable. Now open your browser and connect to the webserver using <u>http://192.168.1.1</u>.

If a recommended HMI is used, then connecting with the Ethernet cable will connect directly.

4.3.3 Configuring a fan array

The controller can be used on a new installation with fans delivered in their factory default condition (Modbus address 1 default) or be used on an existing array of fans which have been networked and pre-addressed (sequentially from Modbus address 2 onwards). If the controller is used in a fan array previously configured by another device, in most cases it is only required to use the controller's "Factory Reset" option in the advanced menu before configuring the controller and fans.

The start setup screen is only shown if the controller has no previous saved configuration or if the controller has been reset.

Click "Start Setup" to continue.

If device firmware update is required, click "Update Firmware" button, then refer to Section 7.18



Communication Settings For Fans

19200

Fan Parity + Stop Bits Even 1

4.3.4 Device Setup

The entered device name will be assigned as the Wi-Fi name, i.e. "Controller 1", which will be displayed instead of "MMCU xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx" for future connection. The Device Serial no. can be

found on the controller label giving week and year of manufacturer plus a unique 4-digit identifier.

Enter a password and then re-enter to confirm.

The entered password will be saved in the MMCU's memory and will be required to be entered on each connection to the MMCU. This password gives full access to MMCU's features and settings.

If the password is not entered, MMCU can be used in monitoring mode only, i.e., checking group and fan status.

An optional Engineer password can be added which would allow partial access to the fan addressing page only. Just pressing continuing will not set this feature.

When device setup is complete, the device name will change from MMCU to the entered device name, which can be seen at the top of the page.

▲ Note: If the password or device name is forgotten access can only be made by carrying out a Hard reset. See section 11.0

D

R

▲ Note: If the engineer's password is forgotten, it can be changed in Advanced Settings – Device information section. See Section 7.17

4.3.5 Fan addressing – Configure fan communications

New fans are supplied from the factory as Modbus address 1 with 19200 baud rate, even parity and 1 stop bit. New controllers are supplied without any stored fan array configurations and on first application of power to the controller, the default values are suggested on the Fan addressing screen. These can be kept, or new parameters can be selected.

1200	2400	4800	9600	Even 1 default	Odd 1
19200 default	38400	57600	115200	None 1	None 2

Table 4 - Communication setup for fans

The LED's will pulse Red and Green 1sec on/off (See table 9)

Pressing 'Save & Continue' to save the entered settings or default settings if nothing has changed.

auc ane	l rate, even parity and 1 stop d on first application of power n. These can be kept, or new
	Fan Addressing

MMCU CC:8	D:A2:E6:59:50	■ MMCU CC:8D:A2:E6:59:50					
	Device Setup	Device Mercer	Device Setup				
evice Name: evice Serial No.:	Enter Device Name	Device Name: Device Serial No.:	15250001				
assword:	Required	Password:	Required				
e-enter Password:	Required	Re-enter Password:	Required				
	CONTINUE		CONTINUE				

🔳 ммси сс:8	D:A2:E6:59:50
Create I This passwo Addressing pag	Engineer Password ord provides access to Fan e only. Password not required.
Password:	Not Required
Re-enter Password:	Not Required
	CONTINUE

engineering a better life

ebmpapst



▲ Note: The Modbus Port Configuration must be the same across all fans in the network.

For fans that are not at their default Modbus Address 1, the controller is able to reset all connected fans to that address using the "Factory Reset" option.

4.3.6 Fan addressing - Configure external Modbus communications

For communication with an external system e.g. BMS you can configure the Modbus communication settings in a similar way to the fan.

1200	2400	4800	9600	Even 1 default	Odd 1
19200 default	38400	57600	115200	None 1	None 2

Table 5 - Communication setup for external device

The recommended controller response time to Modbus Master requests is 1 second.

You can also set the Modbus address for the controller so multiple controllers can be seen by the external device / BMS.

Pressing the 'Back' button returns to the previous page, 'Save & Continue' to save the entered settings or default settings if nothing has changed.

4.3.7 Fan addressing – auto addressing (Serial no. based addressing)

When new fans are supplied from the factory, they will all have the Modbus address 1 as default. These will need to go through an auto address process (See 4.3.7.2). If a fan or fans have been auto addressed before they will have a Modbus address from 2 onwards and a group will consist of sequentially increasing Modbus addresses with no gaps. This therefore constitutes an existing fan network. (see 4.3.7.1).

≡	MMCU Controller 1
	Fan Addressing
	FIND EXISTING FAN NETWORK
	AUTO ADDRESS FANS

Communicatio	on Settings For BN	٨S
BMS Baud Rate		Ŧ
BMS Parity + Stop Bits Even 1		*
Controller Modbus Address 1		
BACK	SAVE & CONTINUE	

MMCU Controller 1

engineering a better life

Fan Addressing

Number of fans found: 2

Address Serial Number

1614002GJS

171900ADLO

MMCU Controller 1

2

3

Fan

Select "Find Existing Fan Network". The controller will verify and display how many fans it has detected and then ask for confirmation.

If after 1 minute the controller cannot find an existing array of fans it will advise to check the network wiring and power and then return to the addressing menu to try again.

MMCU Controller 1

Fan Addressing

Finding Fan Array

This may take up to a minute. Do not refresh the page.

4.3.7.2 Auto address fans

Select "Auto address fans". The controller will verify and display how many fans it has detected and then ask for confirmation. The yellow light will flash briefly as a fan is found. (See Table 9). If after 1 minute the controller cannot find any fans, it will advise to check the network wiring and power and then return to the addressing menu to try again.

	≡ м	MCU Control	er 1				
Fan Addressing	Fan Addressing						
Finding Fan Array	Number of fans found: 2						
This may take up to a minute. Do not refresh the page.	Fan	Address	Serial Number				
	1	2	1614002GJS				
	2	3	171900ADLO				
order, where fans with the		REC	DRDER				

RETRY

The fan addressing is performed in ascending order, where fans with the lowest serial number have the lowest Modbus Address and Fan Number assigned by the controller. The first assigned Modbus Address to a fan is always 2. See an example below of a fan array consisting of 3 fans:

Fan Z has Serial Number 1327006PDZ – Controller Assigns Modbus Address 2 – this is FAN 1.
Fan X has Serial Number 1527006PDS – Controller Assigns Modbus Address 3 – this is FAN 2.
Fan Y has Serial Number 1527006PDZ – Controller Assigns Modbus Address 4 – this is FAN 3.

RETRY CONFIRM MMCU Controller 1 Fan Addressing

REORDER



CONFIRM

If more than 5 fans are found, press ">" to go to the next set of 5 fans, and press "<" to return to the previous set.

Press "Retry" to get back to "Find existing fan network" / "Auto address fans" page.

Press "Confirm" to confirm the found array of fans and go to next page (See 4.3.9).

Press "Reorder" to go to the reordering page (see 4.3.8).

4.3.8 Re-ordering fans

The automatic assignment of Modbus addresses to fans can be inconvenient for the user as the process assigns an address based on the serial no. of the fan. The user may prefer to alter this and address the fans based on a position of the fans in the array or building for example. For this reason, it is possible to swap fan numbers to match the equipment or building layout.

MMCU Controller 1

New Fan Location

CANCEL

4.3.8.1 Visual Re-ordering

Depending on the generation of the fan, there are two features to help identify which fan is being moved. For Gen3 fans with Modbus version 6.5 or above you can use the LED on the back of the fan to identify which one to move. The default operation for all other fans is to nudge the fan slightly so you can identify it.

Starting with fan 1, the controller will identify the fan, and you enter its current position based on your desired layout plan. Choose a new fan location from the "New Fan Location" drop down menu. The fan will stop being nudged or indicated after selection. Use the ">" to move to the next fan, which will start being nudged or indicated.

Press "<" to select the previous fan.

Press "Cancel" to get back to "Find existing fan network" / "Auto address fans" page.

The "Confirm" button will be disabled until a new order of fans has been entered. All fans must be assigned their order.

The yellow light will turn on and off during re-ordering process.



Fan

1

2



engineering a better life

MMCU Controller 1

Fan Addressing

Choose Reordering Method:

Generation 3 Fans Support Visual and Daisy Chain Interface Reordering

VISUAL REORDERING

DCI REORDERING

Number of fans found: 2

REORDER

Serial Number

171900ADLO

1614002GJS

Address

2

3

RETRY

MMCU Controller 1

Page 13 of 61

CONFIRM

Note 1: This feature is not available when using the controller with only one fan.

Note 2: It is not possible to assign a fan number outside the total number of fans e.g. if using the controller with a 4-fan array, the fan numbers will be restricted to 1-4, with the corresponding Modbus addresses 2-5.

4.3.8.2 DCI Reordering

If you are using Gen3 fans Modbus 6.3 or above another option is to use the Daisy Chain method of re-ordering. This is useful when visibility for all fans is not possible due to the number of fans or location. An extra connection is required as shown in Figure 3 which needs connecting in the order that the fans are required to be in.





Figure 3 – Daisy chain reordering extra fan connection

4.3.9 Fan Grouping

The Fan array can be split into two groups if required for example if a system is split into two separate chambers where the performance of each group may be required to be different. Depending on the Operating mode, different control methodologies for the groups are applied (See Section 5.0).

MMCU Controller 1

Two Fan Groups

2

Fan

Fan Grouping

Addr Serial Number

171900ADLO

1614002GJS

CONFIRM

If more than 5 fans are found, press ">" to go to the next set of 5 fans, and press "<" to return to the previous set.

If only 1 group is required, press "Confirm" to go to the next page.

If two groups are required, check the "Two Fan Groups" checkbox for the screen to update.

The "Confirm" button will be disabled until at least 1 Fan is selected for Group 1.

Any fan that is placed in Group 2 will be nudged, or the LED set (for Gen3 V6.5 and above).

Press "Confirm" to go to the next page.

If there is more than 10mins of inactivity on any of the setup pages, you may get asked to re-enter the password for security reasons.





ebmpapst

5.0 Operating modes

5.1 Overview

▲ Note: This page can also be reached by pressing "Mode Select" from the side bar.

▲ Note: When any mode is selected, the fans will stop running as they are now being configured. This does not apply to Monitor Mode.

Monitor mode:

- Monitors a set of pre-defined fan parameters and displays the information via a Wi-Fi connection to the bespoke configuration Webserver App, or via an Ethernet connection or the 'RS485 BMS' port.
- Any fault condition is raised by an on-board LED and a volt-free relay (if configured).
- An optional 0-10V / 4-20mA differential pressure sensor can provide a signal to the controller to display either differential pressure or used to calculate and display volume flow. (See table 6).

Webserver control mode:

- As per monitor mode plus setting a fan speed % from the Webserver App interface.
- An optional 0-10V / 4-20mA differential pressure sensor can provide a signal to the controller to display either differential pressure or used to calculate and display volume flow. (See table 6).

Proportional Control mode (open loop):

- As per monitor mode plus setting a fan speed % from one of the controller inputs. (See table 2).
- An optional 0-10V / 4-20mA differential pressure sensor can provide a signal to the controller to display either differential pressure or used to calculate and display volume flow. (See table 6).

Multi source:

- As per monitor mode plus setting a fan speed % from either an external 'RS485 BMS' connection or from the Webserver App or from the 0-10V inputs to the controller. If multiple sources are connected at once, then whichever changes last will change the fan speed %.
- An optional 0-10V / 4-20mA differential pressure sensor can provide a signal to the controller to display either differential pressure or used to calculate and display volume flow. (See table 6).

Constant Volume / Constant Pressure mode (closed loop):

- As per monitor mode plus setting a control setpoint(s) via the Webserver App interface.
- At least one 0-10V / 4-20mA differential pressure sensor is required to provide feedback to the controller for Constant Volume or Constant Pressure. (See table 6).





engineering a better life

Operation mode	Fan group	Monitor sensor enabled	Group 2 mode	Monitor sensor options	Control input group 1	Control input group 2	
		No		0.40\/.4	_		
Monitor	1 or 2	Controller		0-10 V 2	Fan inpu	t directly	
		No		4-20MA			
Webserver control	1 or 2	Controller	Offset tracking or Independent	0-10V 1 0-10 V 2 4-20mA	Webs	server	
		Fan		Ain1, Ain2, IO1, IO2			
		No		,			
	1	Controller		0-10V 2 4-20mA	0-10V 1		
		Fan		Ain1, Ain2, IO1, IO2			
Proportional Control		No	Offset Tracking Independent			0-10V 2	
	2 Controller		Offset Tracking	0-10V 2 4-20mA	0-10V 1		
	-		Independent	4-20mA	0 100 1	0-10V 2	
		Fan	Offset Tracking Independent	Ain1, Ain2, IO1, IO2		0-10V 2	
		_		0-10V 1			
	1	Controller		0-10 V 2	Manual		
Constant Volume /		Fan		Ain1, Ain2,	Setpoints		
Pressure				0-10V 1			
		Controller		0-10 V 2			
	2		Independent	4-20mA	Manual S	Setpoints	
		Fan		Ain1, Ain2, IO1, IO2			
		No		0.40.1/ 0	RS485 BMS		
	1	Controller		4-20mA	or		
				Ain1, Ain2, IO1, IO2	Webserver or 0-10V 1		
Multi-source		No	Offset Tracking Independent			0-10V 2	
	2	Controller	Offset Tracking	0-10V 2 4-20mA	RS485 BMS		
	-		Independent	4-20mA	Webserver	0-10V 2	
		Fan	Offset Tracking	Ain1, Ain2,		0.4634.5	
			Independent	101, 102		0-10V 2	

Table 6 - Operation mode options

5.2 Monitor mode

ebmpapst

engineering a better life

	Monitor Mode	
🗌 Enable	Monitor Sensor	
	BACK START	
		_
≡ мм	CU Controller 1	
≡ мм	CU Controller 1	
≡ мм	CU Controller 1 Monitor Mode	
≕ мм	CU Controller 1 Monitor Mode e Monitor Sensor	

Monitor mode can be used to monitor the status of all Modbus fans attached, giving an overview (see table 7 & 8) of critical fan information, alarms, and warnings.

Fan control is handed back to the local fan 0-10v input Ain1U or IO2 depending on the generation of fan.

The enable monitor sensor option allows you to set up a pressure sensor connected to one of the controller inputs. This can be used to display a system pressure or volume flow.

Press "Back" to return to the previous page.

Press "Configure" to go to Sensor configuration page:

(See section 6.1)

Press "Start" to start the selected operation mode.

MMCU Controller 1			≡ ммсч	Controller 1		MMCU Controller 1				MMCU Controller 1			
Group 1 Summary, 1 Fan			Group	Group 2 Summary, 1 Fan			Fan 1 Status			Fan 2 Status			
FAN S	STATUS GRO	JP 2	G	ROUP 1 FAN ST/	TUS		SUMMARY				SUMMARY		
System Fan Type	Alarms	Warnings	System Fan Ty	e Alarms	Warnings	Modbus Address	Serial No.	Version		Modbus Address	Serial No.	Version	
Gen 2, V5.01 Lite	0	0	Gen 2, V5.01 L	te 0	0	2	1614002GJS	V5.01 Lite		3	17260019RP	V5.01 Lite	
Total Power	Operational Mode	Control Input	Total Power	Operational Mode	Control Input	Alarms	Warnings	Fan Group		Alarms	Warnings	Fan Group	
2 W	Monitor	None	5 W	Monitor	None	None	None	1		None	None	2	
Sensor Monitor	Sensor Input	Sensor Mode	Sensor Monito	r Sensor Input	Sensor Mode	Power	Speed	Motor Temp		Power	Speed	Motor Temp	
None	None	None	None	None	None	2 W	0 rpm	N/A		5 W	712 rpm	N/A	
Setpoint	Actual Reading	Sensor Range	Setpoint	Actual Reading	Sensor Range	Elec Temp	Run Time	Fan Control		Elec Temp	Run Time	Fan Control	
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	36°C	466 hours	0.0%		35°C	832 hours	28.5%	
Group 1	Fan Control		Group 2	Fan Control		Sensor	Fan 0-10V Input	Sensor Range		Sensor	Fan 0-10V Input	Sensor Range	
1	N/A		2	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	
Group 2	Offset												
2	N/A												
© ebm-papst UK Ltd	. All rights reserved.		© ebm-papst UH	Ltd. All rights reserved.		© ebm-papst UK L	td. All rights reserved.			© ebm-papst UK Lt	d. All rights reserved.		

The Summary page will be displayed following activation the of operating mode. You can switch between group summaries or drill into fan status information using the blue buttons at the top of the screen.

engineering a better life

5.3 Webserver control mode

Webserver control mode is a manual input fixed speed % entered from the Webserver App using your phone, tablet, laptop or HMI. It can be used to speed control a group of fans and monitor the status of all fans attached, giving an overview (see table 7 & 8) of critical fan information, alarms and warnings. This mode can be useful when commissioning a system to understand what performance is required before using another control mode.

If two groups have been setup then a choice of Offset tracking or Independent will be available. This will allow Group2 to follow Group1 in Offset tracking mode or have a completely separate control if used in Independent mode.

The enable monitor sensor option allows you to set up a pressure sensor connected either to one of the controller inputs or to one of the fans in the network. This can be used to display a system pressure or volume flow.

Press "Back" to return to the previous page.

Press "Configure" to go to Sensor configuration page: (See section 6.1)

Press "Start" to start the selected operation mode.

_					~	· ·		4000/
Press	"Edit Sneed"	" hutton to chanc	e the 'Ean (Co	ontrol' % in the	Summary nade	tor a value	hetween () _	- 100%
1000	Luit Opecu	bullon to onane			ourninally page		Detween 0	100/0.

Press "Edit Speed & Setpoint" button to change the 'Fan Control' % in the Summary page for a value between 0 - 100% for Group 1 and 'Offset' % for Group 2 for a value between 0 - 100%.

≡ ммси о	Controller 1		≡ ммси с	ontroller 1		≡ ммс∪ о	Controller 1		≡ ммс∪ о	Controller 1	
Group	1 Summary	y, 1 Fan ⊮2	Group 2	2 Summar	y, 1 Fan	F	Fan 1 Statu	IS	F	an 2 Statu	IS
System Fan Type Gen 2, V5.01 Lite	EDIT SPI	Warnings 0	System Fan Type Gen 2, V5.01 Lite Total Power 9 W	Alarms 0 Operational Mode Webserver Control	Warnings 0 Control Input Webserver	Modbus Address 2 Alarms None	s Serial No. 1614002GJS Warnings None	Version V5.01 Lite Fan Group	Modbus Address 3 Alarms None	Serial No. 17260019RP Warnings None	Version V5.01 Lite Fan Group 2
4 W Sensor Monitor	Webserver Control Sensor Input None	Webserver Sensor Mode None	Sensor Monitor None	Sensor Input	Sensor Mode None	Power 5 W	Speed 634 rpm	Motor Temp	Power 9 W	Speed 959 rpm	Motor Temp N/A
Setpoint N/A	Actual Reading	Sensor Range N/A	Setpoint N/A Group 2	Actual Reading N/A Fan Control	Sensor Range N/A	Elec Temp 38°C Sensor	Run Time 466 hours Fan 0-10V Input	Fan Control 25.0% Sensor Range	36°C Sensor	832 hours	37.5% Sensor Range
Group 1	Fan Control 25.0%		2	37.5%		N/A	N/A	N∕A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2 © ebm-papst UK L	50%		© ebm.oanst I K I I	1 All rights reserved		© ebm-oaost UK I	.td. All rights reserved.		© ebm-papst UK I	td. All rights reserved	

All fans within Group 1 will run at that corresponding speed following a "return" key on the keyboard.

The Group 2 offset can be adjusted in the same way if applicable. A negative value will mean Group 2 will run slower than Group 1 and a positive value will mean Group 2 will run faster than Group 1.

≡	MMCU Controller	1
	Webser	ver Control
	Group 2 Offset Fracking	Group 2 Independent
	Enable Monitor Sen	sor
	BACK	START
=	MMCU Controlle	er 1
	Webser	ver Control
	Group 2 Offset Tracking	Group 2 Independent
	Enable Monitor Se	ensor
	BACK	CONFIGURE

engineering a better life

😑 ммси се	ontroller 1		😑 ммси со	ontroller 1		≡ ммс∪ со	ntroller 1		≡ ммси с₀	ntroller 1	
Group	1 Summary	, 1 Fan ₽2	Group	2 Summary	, 1 Fan	F	Fan 1 Status	6	F	an 2 Status	S
		EDIT OFFSET	System Fan Type	Alarms	Warnings	Modbus Address	Serial No.	Version	Modbus Address	Serial No.	Version
System Fan Type Gen 2, V5.01 Lite	Alarms 0	Warnings 0	Total Power	Operational Mode	Control Input	2 Alarms	1614002GJS Warnings	V5.01 Lite	3 Alarms	17260019RP Warnings	V5.01 Lite
Total Power	Operational Mode	Control Input	2 W	Proportional Control	0-10 V 1	None	None	1	None	None	2
2 W Sensor Monitor	Proportional Control Sensor Input	0-10 V 1	Sensor Monitor	Sensor Input	Sensor Mode	Power	Speed 403 rpm	Motor Temp	Power 2 W	Speed 394 rpm	Motor Temp
Controller	0-10 V 2	Total Average	Setpoint	Actual Reading	Sensor Range	Elec Temp	Run Time	Fan Control	Elec Temp	Run Time	Fan Control
Setpoint	Actual Reading	Sensor Range	N/A	N/A	N/A	35°C	463 hours	16.4%	35*C	823 hours	16.4%
Group 1	Fan Control	2403111711	Group 2	Fan Control		Sensor N/A	Fan 0-10V Input N/A	Sensor Range N/A	Sensor N/A	Fan 0-10V Input	Sensor Range
1	16.4%										
Group 2	Offset 0%										
© ebm-papst UK Ltd	d. All rights reserved.		© ebm-papst UK Lto	I. All rights reserved.		© ebm-papst UK Ltd	. All rights reserved.		© ebm-papst UK Ltd	All rights reserved.	

In independent mode, all fans within Group 1 and Group 2 will run at that corresponding speed following a "return" key on the keyboard.

5.4 Proportional control mode

Proportional control mode is an open loop control mode accepting an input from an external source to control the speed of a group of fans and monitor the status of all fans attached, giving an overview (see table 7 & 8) of critical fan information, alarms and warnings. (See Appendix A.1)

The enable monitor sensor option allows you to set up a pressure sensor connected either to

one of the controller inputs or to one of the fans in the network. This can be used to display a system pressure or volume flow.

Available options for the Control input are: 0-10V 1 for Group 1 and 0-10V 2 if using Group 2 in Independent mode. (see table 6)

If you enable the sensor monitor, the choice of input will depend on the control settings already chosen.

Press "Back" to return to the previous page.

Press "Configure" to go to Sensor configuration page: (See section 6.1)

Press "Start" to start the selected operation mode.





CN1127 - MMCU

Example below shows 2 groups in Offset mode with an enabled sensor for Group 1 only via the controller

ebmpapst

engineering a better life

≡ ммсц с	Controller 1		🚍 ммси с	ontroller 1		😑 ммси с	ontroller 1		≡ ммс∪ с	ontroller 1	
Group	1 Summar	y, 1 Fan	Group	2 Summar	y, 1 Fan	F	an 1 Statu	IS	F	an 2 Statu	IS
FAN	I STATUS GRO	NUP 2	GRO	DUP 1 FAN ST	ATUS		SUMMARY			SUMMARY	
		EDIT SPEED			EDIT SPEED	Modbus Address	Serial No.	Version	Modbus Address	Serial No.	Version
System Fan Type	Alarms	Warnings	System Fan Type	Alarms	Warnings	2	1614002GJS	V5.01 Lite	3	17260019RP	V5.01 Lite
Gen 2, V5.01 Lite	0	0	Gen 2, V5.01 Lite	0	0	Alarms	Warnings	Fan Group	Alarms	Warnings	Fan Group
Total Power	Operational Mode	Control Input	Total Power	Operational Mode	Control Input	None	None	1	None	None	2
2 W	Webserver Control	Webserver	6 W	Webserver Control	Webserver	Power	Speed	Motor Temp	Power	Speed	Motor Temp
Sensor Monitor	Sensor Input	Sensor Mode	Sensor Monitor	Sensor Input	Sensor Mode	2 W	377 rpm	N/A	7 W	760 rpm	N/A
None	None	None	None	None	None	Elec Temp	Run Time	Fan Control	Elec Temp	Run Time	Fan Control
Setpoint	Actual Reading	Sensor Range	Setpoint	Actual Reading	Sensor Range	39°C	467 hours	15.0%	39°C	832 hours	30.0%
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Sensor	Fan 0-10V Input	Sensor Range	Sensor	Fan 0-10V Input	Sensor Range
Group 1	Fan Control		Group 2	Fan Control		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1	15.0%		2	30.0%							
Group 2	Fan Control										
2	30.0%										
© ebm-papst UK L	td. All rights reserved.		© ebm-papst UK Lt	d. All rights reserved.		C ebm-papst UK L	td. All rights reserved.		© ebm-papst UK Lt	d. All rights reserved.	

Example below shows 2 groups in Independent mode without a sensor monitor enabled.

≡ ммс∪ с	controller 1		🚍 ммси с	ontroller 1		🔳 ммси с	ontroller 1		≡ ммсц	Controller 1	
Group	1 Summary	/, 1 Fan	Group	2 Summary	y, 1 Fan	F	an 1 Statu	s		Fan 2 Statı	IS
FAN	STATUS GRO	JP 2	GRC	UP 1 FAN STA	πus		SUMMARY			SUMMARY	
System Fan Type	Alarms	Warnings	System Fan Type	Alarms	Warnings	Modbus Address	Serial No.	Version	Modbus Addre	ss Serial No.	Version
Gen 2, V5.01 Lite	0	0	Gen 2, V5.01 Lite	0	0	2	1614002GJS	V5.01 Lite	3	17260019RP	V5.01 Lite
Total Power	Operational Mode	Control Input	Total Power	Operational Mode	Control Input	Alarms	Warnings	Fan Group	Alarms	Warnings	Fan Group
7 W	Proportional Control	0-10 V 1	2 W	Proportional Control	0-10 V 2	None	None	1	None	None	2
Sensor Monitor	Sensor Input	Sensor Mode	Sensor Monitor	Sensor Input	Sensor Mode	Power	Speed	Motor Temp	Power	Speed	Motor Temp
None	None	None	None	None	None	7 W	743 rpm	N/A	3 W	438 rpm	N/A
Setpoint	Actual Reading	Sensor Range	Setpoint	Actual Reading	Sensor Range	Elec Temp	Run Time	Fan Control	Elec Temp	Run Time	Fan Control
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	39°C	467 hours	28.8%	40°C	833 hours	17.9%
Group 1	Fan Control		Group 2	Fan Control		Sensor	Fan 0-10V Input	Sensor Range	Sensor	Fan 0-10V Input	Sensor Range
1	28.8%		2	17.9%		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Group 2	Fan Control										
2	17.9%										
@ ebm.papet UK I	tri All rights reserved			d. 60 slabia anno 11		© along paged LIK Li	ld All ciplus second				
o compapsi on c	a. Peringhis teserveu.		webm-papst UK Lt	a. Air rights reserved.		e eom-papst OK Li	iu. All rights reserved.		© ebm-papst Ui	Ltd. All rights reserved	



Figure 4 - Example 0-10v potentiometer input

5.5 Constant Volume / Pressure mode

Constant Volume / Pressure mode is a closed loop control which requires at least one pressure sensor connected to the system. (See Section 6.0) for how to select the correct sensor range and arrange one or more sensors depending on the required mode of operation. (See Appendix A.2) for how the control strategy works.



Figure 5 – Example pressure sensor connection to controller

Initially the sensor pressure range needs to be selected with a choice of a range from 50Pa to 3500Pa based on the SN1120 / SN1121 range of devices from ebmpapst (UK) Ltd.

The choice for Volume or Pressure will require different information to be provided. The Sensor input is selected to be either from the fan or controller. (See Table 6) for Sensor input options. It may be beneficial to have more than one sensor connected locally to the fan inputs which can reduce cabling and increase redundancy in case a sensor fails.

For Pressure, the sensor reading "average, min or max" can be selected.

For Volume, the k-factor of the impeller is required which can be found in the fan datasheet.

If the fan is chosen to be the Sensor input, then there is a requirement to map the sensors. If a map already exists, the "Confirm" button will be available.

For mapping sensors please see Section 6.4.

If the fans are split into two groups, and the fan is chosen to be the sensor input for group 2, then the mapping process will repeat for the 2nd group.

Grou	p 1 Sensor Settings
Pressure Sensor, Pa 1000	volume/Pressure ✓ Volume
Sensor Input None	-
E	CONFIRM
E MMCU Co Grou Pressure Sensor, Pa	ntroller 1 p 1 Sensor Settings Volume/Pressure
E MMCU Co Grou Pressure Sensor, Pa 1000	ntroller 1 p 1 Sensor Settings Volume/Pressure Volume
E MMCU Co Grou Pressure Sensor, Pa 1000 Sensor Input Fan	ntroller 1 p 1 Sensor Settings Volume/Pressure Volume Fan Sensor Input Ain1U
E MMCU Co Grou Pressure Sensor, Pa 1000 Sensor Input Fan Sensor Reading Average	ntroller 1 p 1 Sensor Settings Volume/Pressure Volume Fan Sensor Input Ain1U k factor (check fan datasheet) 0
MMCU Co Grou Grou Sensor Input Fan Sensor Reading Average Sensor	ntroller 1 p 1 Sensor Settings Volume/Pressure Volume Fan Sensor Input Ain1U k factor (check fan datasheet) 0 k factor cannot be 0 or Mapping is Required

After setting up the sensor / sensors and pressing "Confirm" you can then set a target Setpoint or Setpoints. A single setpoint is the default. The units to be used are defined by the operation mode (Volume or Pressure) and whether you are using metric or imperial units.

If the fans are split into two groups, then the mapping process will repeat for the 2^{nd} group.

Dual setpoint option is available which is toggled using Switch input 2 as shown in Figure 6. To alter the orientation of the input (See Section 7.7).



Figure 6 - Switch between two setpoints

If the setpoint needs to be updated, press the "Edit Setpoint" button in the Group Summary page, enter the new value, press "return" key on the keyboard or press "Done".

≡ ммси со	ontroller 1	
Group	1 Summary	/, 1 Fan ^{JP 2}
	(EDIT SETPOINT
System Fan Type	Alarms	Warnings
Gen 2, V5.01 Lite	0	0
Total Power	Operational Mode	Control Input
2 W	Constant Volume	Setpoint 1
Sensor Monitor	Sensor Input	Sensor Mode
Fan	Ain1U	Total Average
Setpoint	Actual Reading	Sensor Range
500 m³/h	462 mª/h	2403 mª/h
Group 1	Fan Control	
1	22.5%	
ebm-papst UK Lto	I. All rights reserved.	

ebmpapst

Con	igure Group 1 Setpoi	nt(s)
Setpoint Mod Single Se	e tpoint	*
Setpoint 1 500		m³/ł
	BACK CONFIRM	
≡ ммо	CU Controller 1	
≣ MM0 Conf	CU Controller 1	nt(s)
E MMC Conf Setpoint Mod Dual Setp	CU Controller 1 igure Group 1 Setpoi	nt(s)
E MMC Conf Setpoint Mod Dual Setpo Setpoint 1 500	CU Controller 1 igure Group 1 Setpoi	nt(s) *

5.6 Multi source control mode

Multi source control mode can be used to speed control a group of fans and monitor the status of all fans attached, giving an overview (see table 7 & 8) of critical fan information, alarms and warnings.

The enable monitor sensor option allows you to set up a pressure sensor connected either to one of the controller inputs or to one of the fans in the network. This can be used to display a system pressure or volume flow.

This option allows group control from either Webserver, Proportional control (0-10V 1 / 0-10V 2) or from an external Modbus connection (BMS) (Fan Array Speed Register – see Appendix B.2, Table 11).

Press "Back" to return to the previous page.

Press "Configure" to go to Sensor configuration page: (See section 6.1)

Press "Start" to start the selected operation mode

The last value to change will update the speed.



Figure 7 - Example BMS connection

ebmpapst

М	ultisou	rce Control	
Group 2 Of Tracking	fset	Group 2	Independent
Enable Mo	nitor Sens	or	
	BACK	START	

	MMCU Controlle	r1
	Multiso	urce Control
~	Group 2 Offset Tracking	Group 2 Independent
~	Enable Monitor Se	nsor
	BACK	CONFIGURE

Example below shows 2 groups in Offset Tracking mode without a sensor monitor enabled

engineering a better life

MMCU Controller 1	MMCU Controller 1	MMCU Controller 1	MMCU Controller 1
Group 1 Summary, 1 Fan	Group 2 Summary, 1 Fan	Fan 1 Status	Fan 2 Status
EDIT SPEED & OFFSET System Fan Type Alarms Warnings Gan 2 V6 01 Inn 0 0	System Fan Type Alarms Warnings Gen 2, V5.01 Lite 0 0	Modbus Address Serial No. Version 2 1614002GJS V5.01 Lite	Modbus Address Serial No. Version 3 17260019RP V5.01 Lite
Total Power Operational Mode Control Input 2 W Multisource Control Multisource	Total Power Operational Mode Control Input 3 W Multisource Control Multisource Sensor Monitor Sensor Input Sensor Mode	Alarms Warnings Fan Group None None 1 Power Speed Motor Temp	Alarms Warnings Fan Group None 2 Power Speed Motor Temp
Sensor Monitor Sensor Input Sensor Mode None None None	None None None Setpoint Actual Reading Sensor Range	2 W 556 rpm N/A Elec Temp Run Time Fan Control	3 W 556 rpm N/A Elec Temp Run Time Fan Control
Setpoint Actual Reading Sensor Range	N/A N/A N/A Group 2 Fan Control	40°C 467 hours 15.0% Sensor Fan 0-10V Input Sensor Range	39°C 833 hours 22.5% Sensor Fan 0-10V Input Sensor Range
Group 1 Fan Control 1 15.0%	2 22.5%	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
Group 2 Offset 2 50%			
© ebm-papst UK Ltd. All rights reserved.	ebm-papst UK Ltd. All rights reserved.	© ebm-papst UK Ltd. All rights reserved.	© ebm-papst UK Ltd. All rights reserved.

Example below shows 2 groups in Independent mode without a sensor monitor enabled

≡ ммс∪ с	Controller 1		≡ ммс∪с	controller 1		😑 ммси с	ontroller 1		≡ ммс∪	Controller 1	
Group	1 Summar	y, 1 Fan	Group 2	2 Summar	y, 1 Fan aus	F	an 1 Statu SUMMARY	IS		Fan 2 Statu	IS
		EDIT SPEED			EDIT SPEED	Modbus Address	Serial No.	Version	Modbus Addres	s Serial No.	Version
System Fan Type	Alarms	Warnings	System Fan Type	Alarms	Warnings	2	1614002GJS	V5.01 Lite	3	17260019RP	V5.01 Lite
Gen 2, V5.01 Lite	0	0	Gen 2, V5.01 Lite	0	0	Alarms	Warnings	Fan Group	Alarms	Warnings	Fan Group
Total Power	Operational Mode	Control Input	Total Power	Operational Mode	Control Input	None	None	1	None	None	2
2 W	Multisource Control	Multisource	5 W	Multisource Control	Multisource	Power	Speed	Motor Temp	Power	Speed	Motor Temp
Sensor Monitor	Sensor Input	Sensor Mode	Sensor Monitor	Sensor Input	Sensor Mode	2 W	258 rpm	N/A	5 W	439 rpm	N/A
None	None	None	None	None	None	Elec Temp	Run Time	Fan Control	Elec Temp	Run Time	Fan Control
Setpoint	Actual Reading	Sensor Range	Setpoint	Actual Reading	Sensor Range	40°C	467 hours	10.2%	40°C	833 hours	17.9%
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Sensor	Fan 0-10V Input	Sensor Range	Sensor	Fan 0-10V Input	Sensor Range
Group 1	Fan Control		Group 2	Fan Control		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1	10.2%		2	17.9%							
Group 2	Fan Control										
2	17.9%										
© ebm-papst UK L	td. All rights reserved.		@ ebm-papst UK Lt	d. All rights reserved.		C ebm-papst UK Lt	d. All rights reserved.		© ebm-papst UK	Ltd. All rights reserved	



5.7 Group 2 offset / Independent

The Group 2 offset is available for Webserver, Proportional and Multi source control modes. It offers a \pm % tracking of the Group 1 speed settings either with less or more performance. For example, in Webserver mode, if Group 1 is set to 50% speed and Group 2 offset is set to +50% then Group 2 will run at 75%. Alternatively, if the offset is set to -50%, Group 2 will run at 25%. If any minimum or maximum caps have been applied from the advanced menu (see section 7.4), then these limits will apply to all fans. A minimum offset of -99% can be applied which essentially will run Group 2 at minimum speed or off.



Figure 8 – Offset example for Group 2

To change the offset value, press "Edit Speed & Offset" or "Edit Offset" button. Displayed button text depends on selected mode. Enter the required offset value then press "Enter" to confirm. The speed of Group 2 will be adjusted accordingly.

If Independent mode is selected for 2 groups this will allow two separate inputs to be utilised on the controller when in Proportional mode, each acting independently for the two groups of fans. In Webserver mode then two separate manual inputs apply and in Multi source the additional ability from the BMS to set two values is available.

engineering a better life

5.8 Summary Page

The Summary page exists for up to 2 groups. The layout is the same for each operational mode but with more or less information provided.

Heading	Description
System Fan Type	Motor generation and Modbus protocol version for group of fans.
Alarms	Any active Alarm from the group of fans or controller (Red LED).
Warnings	Any active Warning from the group of fans or controller (Amber LED).
Total Power	Total Power consumption (Watts) for all fans in the connected group.
Operational Mode	Current operational mode.
Control Input	Source of the control input for open loop or setpoint for closed loop, for all fans in the connected group. (not Monitor mode).
Sensor Monitor	Source for connected sensor (fan or controller).
Sensor Input	Input connection for sensor.
Sensor Mode	Combining multiple sensors can be Average, Min, Max or Sum (Depends on Operation Mode).
Setpoint	Actual target value for Constant Volume / Pressure (Closed loop).
Actual Reading	Actual reading from connected sensor or sensors.
Sensor Range	Full scale sensor range. Air volume or Air pressure.
Group	Indicates which fans are in which group.
Fan Control	Control %
Controller Warnings	Controller detected warnings. This section is disabled when no controller warnings are detected.

Table 7 - Group summary headings

noup i	Cummary	, z i ans
1	FAN STATUS	
stem Fan Type	Alarms	Warnings
en 2, V5.01 Lite	0	0
Total Power	Operational Mode	Control Input
4 W	Monitor	None
ensor Monitor	Sensor Input	Sensor Mode
None	None	None
Setpoint	Actual Reading	Sensor Range
N/A	N/A	N/A
Group 1	Fan Control	
1, 2	N/A	

5.9 Fan Status Page

From the 'Group Summary' screen, press "Fan Status" to go to the Fan Status page. Fans of the same group are displayed on this page. To see the information of the fans from a different group, go

back to the 'Group Summary' screen, select the other group, and press "Fan Status" button.

Heading	Description
Modbus	Fan Modbus Address starting at 2 (Fan 1).
Address	
Serial No.	Individual Fan serial no. (also shown on label).
Version	Modbus protocol version for fan.
Alarms	Individual Alarm notification (Red LED).
Warnings	Individual Warning notification (Amber LED).
Fan Group	Which group the fan belongs to.
Power	Individual Actual Power (Watts).
Speed	Individual Actual Speed (rpm).
Motor Temp	Motor temperature (degC) if available. (Depends on Version). *1
Elec Temp	Electronics temperature (degC).
Run Time	Individual run time total (hours).
Fan Control	% control level being sent to individual fan.
Sensor	Direct or Indirect connected sensor at the fan.
	Measured value shown depending on Operational mode.
	All volume (m3/n of cim) of All pressure (Pa of in.w.g). *2
Fan 0-10V Input	Input value (volts) at the fan input.
Sensor Range	Full scale sensor range. Air volume or Air pressure.
Harmonic	Harmonic Vibration Velocity X (mm/s)*3
Velocity X	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Harmonic	Harmonic Vibration Velocity Y (mm/s)*3
Velocity Y	
Harmonic	Harmonic Vibration Velocity \angle (mm/s) ⁻³
	DMC)/ibratian)/alacity Y (mm/a) *3
	RIVIO VIDIALION VENOCILY X (MM/s) ~
RIVIS VEIOCITY Y	KIVIS VIDIALION VEIOCITY Y (MM/S) °
RIVIS VEIOCITY Z	RIVIS VIDITATION VEIOCITY Z (MM/S)

Table 8 - Fan status headings

▲ **Note** *¹ - The controller is compatible with all firmware versions of ebmpapst enabled Modbus EC fans version 5.0 and later, however, on 'Modbus LITE' reduced functionality fans, some parameters are not available.

▲ Note *² - Volume and pressure measurements require one or more external differential pressure sensors per fan group with a 0-10V or 4-20mA output.

▲ **Note** *³ - Vibration Velocity Information is supported by the fans that have vibration sensors enabled.

Status" button. Fan 1 of 2 Status

SUMMARY

Modbus Address	Serial No.	Version
2	17260019RP	V5.01 Lite
Alarms	Warnings	Fan Group
None	None	1
Power	Speed	Motor Temp
2 W	0 rpm	N/A
Elec Temp	Run Time	Fan Control
38°C	360	0.0%
Sensor Direct	Fan 0-10V Input	Sensor Range
1000 Pa	10.0 V	1000 Pa

Fan 1 Status				
	SUMMARY			
Modbus Address	Serial No.	Version		
2	2116007188	V6.5		
Alarms	Warnings	Fan Group		
None	None	1		
Power	Speed	Motor Temp		
25 W	755 rpm	31°C		
Elec Temp	Run Time	Fan Control		
32°C	1591 hours	39.0%		
Sensor	Fan 0-10V Input	Sensor Range		
N/A	N/A	N/A		
Harmonic Velocity				
х	Y	z		
0.1 mm/s	0.5 mm/s	0.5 mm/s		
	RMS Velocity			
х	Y	z		
0.8 mm/s	1.3 mm/s	1.2 mm/s		

ebmpapst

6.0 Pressure sensor connections

For a constant volume, or a volume monitoring system the differential pressure sensor must measure the pressure difference between the fan inlet ring tapping's and the fan air supply side. This is different for

a constant pressure, or a pressure monitoring system where the inlet ring is not required, and the sensor must measure the pressure difference between the fan air supply and the fan exhaust. Figure 7 shows exactly where to connect the differential pressure sensor positive and negative tapping's.

D



Figure 9 - Pressure sensor connections.

When using inlet rings, due to potential disturbances it is recommended to use a multi-tapped inlet ring which provides an averaged pressure value over all taps to improve the precision of the air volume measurement. If this system operates with a single sensor, the precision of the air volume measurement can be improved further by ensuring that all inlet ring tapping's are equidistant from the sensor as shown in Figure 8.



Figure 10 - Connecting to tapping rings for Volume measurement.



engineering a better life

6.1 Sensor configuration

Configuring a sensor for monitoring or using as control feedback in Constant Volume / Pressure mode requires at least one pressure sensor connected to the system. (See Section 6.0, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4) for how to select the correct sensor range and arrange one or more sensors depending on the required mode of operation.

Initially the sensor pressure range needs to be selected with a choice of a range from 50Pa to 3500Pa based on the SN1120 / SN1121 range of devices from ebmpapst.

The choice for Volume or Pressure will require different information to be provided.

The Sensor input is selected to be either from the fan or controller. (See Table 6) for Sensor input options depending on your operating mode. It may be beneficial to have more than one sensor connected locally to the fan inputs which can reduce cabling and increase redundancy in case a sensor fails.

For Pressure, the sensor reading "average, min or max" can be selected.

For Volume, the k-factor of the impeller is required which can be found in the fan datasheet. The sensor reading will be fixed on "Average".

If the fan is chosen to be the sensor input, then there is a requirement to Map the sensors. If a map already exists, the "Confirm" button will be available.

For mapping sensors please see Section 6.4.

6.2 Sensor wiring and airline connections

We recommend using ebm-papst SN1120 or SN1121 series differential pressure sensors as they have been specifically designed for fan arrays and can be powered from a fan's 10V 10mA, or 24V supply. It simplifies the installation and can greatly reduce commissioning time, cost and complexity of the installation by eliminating the external power supply, sensor zero adjustment and specific mounting positions as they can be mounted at any given orientation without compromising their accuracy.



Figure 11 - Example connection of pressure sensor connected to a fan Vout supply.

Pressure Sensor, Pa Volume/Pressure 1000 Volume Sensor Input Sensor Input Choice Controller 0-10V 1 Sensor Reading k factor (check fan datasheet)	Group 1 S	Sensor Settings
Sensor Input Controller Controller Kator (check fan datasheet)	Pressure Sensor, Pa 1000	Volume/Pressure
Sensor Reading k factor (check fan datasheet)	Sensor Input Controller	Sensor Input Choice
Average - 0	Sensor Reading Average	k factor (check fan datasheet) • 0



Note: Do not connect more than one sensor per fan.

Note: Please ensure that the selected fan 0-10V input terminal where the sensor output is connected to is the same as the configured fan sensor input on the controller.

Airline connections (constant volume / volume monitoring): Care must be taken to keep the connections equidistant from the sensor. An example of "4 fans 2 sensors" system is shown below:



Figure 13 - Installation of multiple pressure sensors for Volume measurement

Airline connections (constant pressure / pressure monitoring): Inlet rings are not required for constant pressure or pressure monitoring systems, and therefore one of the airlines can be placed anywhere in front of the fans and the other is placed anywhere behind the fans. An example of a "4 fan 2-sensor" constant pressure system or pressure monitoring system is shown below.



Figure 14 - installation of multiple pressure sensors for Pressure measurement

Note: All sensors must have the same pressure range

6.3 Choosing the pressure sensor range for constant volume

For volume measurement the choice of sensor range is not related to the pressure drop across the fan but the pressure drop across the inlet ring. To calculate the required pressure, use the following equation.

$$\Delta p = \frac{qV^2}{k^2}$$

 Δp = Differential pressure (Pa)

qV = Required volume (m³/h)

k = factor for each impeller size and inlet ring (shown in datasheet)

Example

Fan requirement is 5000m3/h @ 150Pa per fan.

K factor for the impeller is 232.

$$\Delta p = \frac{5000^2}{232^2}$$



Selection	
SN1120-A50	050Pa
SN1120-A200	0200Pa
SN1120-A500	0500Pa
SN1121-A1000	01000Pa 🗸
SN1121-A2000	02000Pa
SN1121-A3500	03500Pa



ebmpapst

engineering a better life

The target pressure should ideally be close to the middle of the sensor range to ensure the best control capability.

6.4 Sensor mapping

Instead of using a single differential pressure sensor, it is possible to connect multiple differential pressure sensors to the system by using the 0-10V inputs of the fans. The operation with multiple differential pressure sensors can improve reading accuracy and introduce another fail-safe layer to the system operation as the controller automatically adjusts the settings in the event of a sensor failure.

Press "Map Sensors" to start the mapping procedure.

In order to find the sensors and which fan they are attached to, the fans will rotate and therefore a warning will be shown.

Important: Ensure the area around the fans is clear and personal access is prevented before acknowledging the "Map Sensors" as the controller will immediately run all fans at a potentially high speed.

▲ **Note 1:** Multi-sensor operation is not an option during "Monitor" operating mode. In that case, the "Sensor Input" will be defaulted to "Controller" and the controller will look for a differential pressure signal at its own 0-10V or 4-20mA input terminals instead.

ANote 2: It is possible to delete a previously stored map by selecting the "Erase Map" option.

After the controller has finished the mapping, the screen will show which fans have a sensor attached electrically and which, if any, are sharing an air hose from a sensor. The 'Confirm' button will then accept the found sensor map.



Figure 15 - Volume measurement set up with multiple fans connected to one sensor.

engineering a better life



ebmpapst

7.0 Advanced settings

ebmpapst

engineering a better life

${ m m m \Lambda}$ Note: When entering this page, the fans will stop running. This does not apply to Monitor Mode.

7.1 Communication Settings for Fans

Displays current settings stored in the controller. Update and press "Set" to confirm and save changes. (see Table 4)

7.2 Communication Settings for BMS

Displays current settings stored in the controller. The recommended controller response time to Modbus master requests is 1 second.

Set BMS password for extra security. Entered value will be stored in controller's non-volatile memory. BMS Password Register value must match to the BMS password value configured via webserver to change any register value via BMS (refer to Appendix B.2, Table 11). If feature is not required, leave as 0.

Modbus RTU: Update and press "Set" to confirm and save changes. (see Table 5)

Modbus TCP: Update and press "Set" to confirm and save changes.

If selected, webserver via ethernet connection cannot be used.

To disable Modbus TCP, connect to the MMCU via Wi-Fi, select and set Modbus RTU or clear BMS configuration Register (refer to Appendix B.2, Table 11).

Communica	tion Settings For Fans
Fan Baud Rate 19200	•
Fan Parity + Stop Bits Even 1	Ŧ
	SET

Communication S	ettings For BMS
Modbus RTU	Modbus TCP
BMS Baud Rate	_
10200	
BMS Parity + Stop Bits	
Even 1	*
Controller Modhus Address	
1	
<u></u>	
BMS Password	
0	

IP Address 192.168.1.1 Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0	Modbus TCP
IP Address 192.168.1.1 Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0	
Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0	
Port	Timeout (ms)
BMS Password	3000
0	

\Lambda Note: Enabling / disabling Modbus TCP requires MMCU restart.

7.3 System Reset & Restart

Selecting any of the options brings up a warning dialog box.

"Reset Controller and Fans" option resets the controller and fans to factory settings. The controller will restart and return to the beginning of "Powering up for the first time". Fan array will have to be auto addressed.

"Restart Controller" option reboots the controller.

"Reset Fans" option resets the fans to factory settings.

7.4 Fan Speed Cap (0-100%)

The fan speed cap is used to restrict the minimum or maximum speed the fans can run at. The Minimum cap can be used to stop the fans from switching off (not available in Constant Volume / Pressure modes). The maximum cap can be used in all modes, for example if there are noise restrictions in the application.

Enter 0-50% value for minimum speed cap, and min-100% value for maximum speed cap. Press "Set" to confirm.

Check "Release Cap on Fan Failure" to enable cap release when one fan fails.

Check "Run at lower limit" to make the fans always run at minimum cap speed.

Check "Switch off" to make the fans switch off below cap speed.

"Run at lower limit" and "Switch off" checkboxes are mutually exclusive.

(See Appendix A.1)

Fan Speed Cap (0-100%) Applies to Proportional Control and Closed Loop Modes only. Min: 0-50%	Fan Speed Cap (0-100%) Applies to Proportional Control and Closed Loop Modes only. Min: 0-50% 30
Max: Min-100%	Max: Min-100%
Release Cap on Fan Failure	Release Cap on Fan Failure
Switch off Run at lower limit	Switch off Run at lower limit

ebmpapst

Syste	in Reset & Re	sidit
RESET	CONTROLLER AND	FANS
RE	START CONTROLLE	R
	DEOFT FAND	

7.5 Controller Input Cap (0-100%)

The controller input cap can restrict the range of the input if connected to a sensor for example only in Proportional (open loop) control mode. A hysteresis is used to ensure the system doesn't oscillate on/off at a threshold point.

Enter 0-50% value for minimum input cap, and min-100% value for maximum input cap. Press "Set" to confirm.

If hysteresis is required, make sure that both input and speed min are not 0:

Hysteresis value must be at least 1, otherwise the "set" button is disabled:

No hysteresis when n

(See Appendix A.1)

7.6 External Switch Input 1 Enable / Disable Fans

Switch Input 1, which is used to enable/disable fans.

By default, when the input is open/high, fans are enabled, when the input is close/low, the fans are disabled.

Current state displays the current input state.

Click on the dropdown box to update the input polarity:



Figure 16 - Enable / Disable switch

ebmpapst

Controll Applies to Pr	er Input Cap oportional Contr Max Min-100%	(0-100%) ol Mode only.	Controll Applies to Pr	er Input Cap	(0-100%) ol Mode only.
	100	SET	Min: 0-50% 15	Max: Min-100%	SET
Hysteresis:	1-Min% 0	SET	Hysteresis:	1-Min%	SET
o hysteresis wh	en minimum Input Ca values are 0.	ap and Speed Cap		0	

Applies to Proportional Cor		ntrol Mode only.
Min: 0-50% 15	Max: Min-100% 100	SET
Hysteresis:	1-Min% 1	SET

External Switc Disable Fans	h Input 1 Enable / s Configuration
Enable:	Open/High 👻
Disable:	Close/Low
Current State:	Open/High



7.7 External Switch Input 2 Setpoint 1 / Setpoint 2

Switch Input 2 is used to toggle between setpoints when in Constant Pressure or Volume mode.

By default, when the input is open/high, setpoint 1 is active, when the input is close/low, setpoint 2 is active.

Current state displays the current input state.

Click on the dropdown box to update the input polarity:



Figure 17 - Setpoint toggle switch

7.8 PID values

The default settings are designed to give a reasonable response from a wide range of impeller types, however in some applications it may be required to have a slower or faster response to changes of input.

Default values are P = 100, I = 100, D = 100

Update the values and press set:

Press "reset to default" to reset to original settings:

ebmpapst

1 / Set	Switch Input 2 Setpoint point 2 Configuration
Setpoint 1:	Open/High 👻
Setpoint 2:	Close/Low
Current Stat	e: Close/Low
External S Setp Setpoint 1:	witch Input 2 Setpoint 1 / oint 2 Configuration
External S Setp Setpoint 1:	witch Input 2 Setpoint 1 / oint 2 Configuration
External S Setp Setpoint 1: Setpoint 2:	witch Input 2 Setpoint 1 / oint 2 Configuration



	PID value	s
P Value	I Value	D Value
100	100	100
	RESET TO DEFAULT	SET

CN1127 - MMCU

7.9 0-10V Output Follower

This output can be used to track one of the groups of fans and control an external device such as a damper.

By default, Group 1 is selected to follow. If there is no Group 2 the selection is disabled.

If both groups are present, then the user can check the required group to follow. The checkboxes are mutually exclusive.

For example, if Group 2 is selected and its fans are running at 46%, 4.6V can be measured at this output if the range is set to 100%.

The output follower range can be adjusted so if set to 50% then the output follower will reach 5V for a 100% fan speed instead of 10V. The output follower response is a linear response to fan speed.

7.10 System Units

Options are metric: Pa and m3/h or Imperial: in.w.g and cfm.

▲ Note: Changing units will reset setpoint, so they will need to be entered again.

7.11 Relay Configuration

Default condition is Disabled. Selecting any of the options will configure the relay to trigger when the corresponding event has been detected.

The 2 mutually exclusive checkboxes configure the PCB relay.

ebmpapst

engineering a better life

0-10V Outp	out Follower
Group 1	Group 2
0-100% Range 50	
0-10V Outp	out Follower

Group 2

Group 1

0-100% Range

	S	ystem Units
Metric/Imperial		Changing units will reset
Metric	*	setpoint values.

Disabled	•
Relay Configuration	
All (Controller, Fan Alarm & Warning)	
Controller Warning	
Fan Alarm & Warning	
Fan Alarm	
Disabled	

Relay Configuration



Normally Open, Closed for Alarm / Warning

7.12 Controller Detected Warnings

Controller detected warnings are disabled by default. Check the box to enable the required warning(s). When enabled and detected, the warning(s) will be displayed on live status page.

Setpoint Warning

If the fans are running at maximum speed (or capped speed) in Constant Pressure / Volume mode and the setpoint has not been achieved, a warning will be set.

Sensor Failure Warning

When "Sensor Failure" is checked, the following options become available:

A Sensor failure warning can be configured for a sensor which is being monitored in one of the operating modes. The condition looks at a fan speed % threshold and whether the sensor is achieving a minimum % response. For example, when a fan is running above 25%, the expected response would be to measure at least 10% of the pressure sensor's range, i.e. for 500Pa sensor 50Pa is expected to be measures at 25%. If this condition is not met a warning will be set.

_		_
ohm	no	nct
CUIII	Ua	D 2F

Controller Detected Warnings Setpoint Warning
Setpoint Not Achievable
Sensor Failure Warning
Sensor Failure
Controller Detected Warnings
Serpoint Warning
Setpoint Not Achievable

Sensor	Failure Warning
Sensor Failure	
Min Speed Threshold %	
Min Sensor Threshold %	
	SET

CN1127 - MMCU

7.13 Resonance Avoidance

Resonance avoidance is available for Gen3 motors fitted with vibration sensors. If the feature is not available, the controller will grey out this capability. When a fan is in an application it is recommended to carry out this automatic test during commissioning. Each fan can store up to 5 mask-out ranges which cause vibration above recommended thresholds.

If Generation 2 Fans are connected, the feature is disa

If Generation 3 Fans are connected, the feature is ena

Press the button to enter Resonance avoidance page:

There are two safety checks to complete first. Check the boxes once satisfied and then press "Start Resonance Avoidance" button to start the routine on Fan 1.

If at least 1 fan has been completed and controller has saved this information, "start Resonance avoidance" will change to "continue Resonance avoidance".

Press "Rerun resonance avoidance" to erase Controller's saved information about any previous masks.

Press "Back" to return to Advanced settings menu.

If at least 1 fan has been completed and the controller has saved this information, "Enable masking for detected ranges" checkbox will be enabled. A table showing the detected resonances will also be displayed for finished fans. Users have an option in selecting either pre or post step change for the mask. See Figures 18 & 19.

Eac

If "Return to normal operation once all fans have been completed" is checked, then once all fans have completed the resonance avoidance routine, the controller will return to running the last command.



Resonance Avoidance Routine Each Gen 3 fan will run through 0-100% speed.

Takes approximately 10 minutes per fan. 2 / 2 Fans Completed RERUN RESONANCE AVOIDANCE

No

1

2

ebmpapst

bled.	RESONANCE AVOIDANCE This feature is not supported by Generation 2 Fans.
bled:	RESONANCE AVOIDANCE
Resonance Avoidance Routine I Gen 3 fan will run through 0-100% speed. akes approximately 10 minutes per fan. 0 / 2 Fans Completed	Resonance Avoidance Routine Each Gen 3 fan will run through 0-100% speed. Takes approximately 10 minutes per fan. 0 / 2 Fans Completed
the system configured and ready to run?	Is the system configured and ready to run?
s the system safe from unauthorized access?	Is the system safe from unauthorized access?
START RESONANCE AVOIDANCE	START RESONANCE AVOIDANCE
Enable masking for the detected ranges.	Enable masking for the detected ranges.
teturn to normal operation once all fans have een completed.	Return to normal operation once all fans have been completed.
BACK	BACK





Figure 18 - Resonance avoidance speed mask pre-step change



Figure 19 - Resonance avoidance speed mask post-step change

The MMCU delays the start of a test on each fan by 10 seconds to make sure that previous fan has stopped so that it does not interfere with the test.

A progress bar represents 0-100% speed coming back from Fan under test to give an indication of progress.

Pressing the "Abort" button aborts the test and does not save the results for the fan under test.

CN1127 - MMCU

Pressing the "Pause" button will pause the test on the next fan. The currently tested fan continues running the resonance routine. When it has completed the test, the speed stays at 100% but the new fan does not start until the "Resume" button is pressed:

ebmpapst

engineering a better life

Fan Communications Diagnostics

Messages Sent: 0

Success: 0

Fail: 0

Fan Communications Diagnostics

Messages Sent: 2052 Success: 2052 Fail: 0

Select Fan Number

Select Fan Number

7.14 Fan Communications Diagnostics

If there are installation / comms issues with the fans, the diagnostics can help identify if the problem is a wiring issue. Selecting a fan number then allows you to ping data to an individual fan and check for responses.

Press "Start" button to run diagnostics on the selected fan.

Me	esar	105 S	ent [.]	0	
INC	ssay	jes o	ent.	0	

Fan Communications Diagnostics

Select Fan Numbe

7.15 Expansion Modules

The expansion modules are added interfaces for different applications. For example, an Auto/ Hand / Off module (CN1132). Check the box to let the MMCU know that an Expansion Module(s) is/are attached to the MMCU so that it can communicate with them. The expansion modules have a manual addressing dial to differentiate between more than one device.

If any module is detected, their information is displayed in a list.

If no modules were detected, a warning is displayed.



engineering a better life

7.16 Customer Information

Customer information allows an MMCU to be given a unique identity and location for use when connected to the InSights dashboard. Each entry is alpha numeric. The Customer ID must relate to a given customer country and account reference that will match with their Dashboard workspace. (See InSights OMI for more information for Dashboard connection).

7.17 Device Information

Device information relevant to the MMCU is displayed in this section.

"Set MMCU to run as a client" checkbox can be set to assist in connecting to the internet via ethernet cable. Some routers take a while to assign an IP address to a client. Checking the box will tell MMCU to indefinitely wait to be assigned an IP address.

The box will automatically be checked if the IP address is assigned within the timeout (10 seconds) window.

Press "Update Device Information" to modify device name and Engineer's password.

Customer Information
Dashboard
Customer ID: 1
Site: 1
Building: 1
Unit: 1
MODIEY

Customer ID	Dasnboard	
1		
Site		
1		
Building		
1		
Unit		
1		

	Device Information
MN	ICU Modbus Monitor & Control Unit
	Device Serial Number: 12345678
	Device MAC: F0:9E:9E:02:41:04
	Wi-Fi SSID: Controller 1
	Wi-Fi IP: 192.168.4.1
	Ethernet IP: 192.168.1.1
	Ethernet MAC: F0:9E:9E:02:41:07
	Build Time: 11:59:42 Apr 15 2025
	Firmware Version: 1.1.0
	Webserver Version: 1.1.0
	Controller Uptime: 2 hours
	UPDATE DEVICE INFORMATION

. .

Set MMCU	to	run	as	а	client	

Device N Contro	ame Iler 1	
Engine	er's Password	
	UPDATE DEVICE INFORMATION	

7.18 SD Card Update

SD Card update feature is used to update the MMCU firmware.

Only SD card formatted as FAT32 sizes up to 32GB are supported.

To update the device, insert the SD card with the correct .hex file (provided by ebm-papst (UK) Ltd), press "Update via SD Card" button and wait for the process to finish, device will restart after the update is complete.

8.0 LED Alarm / Warning indications

Mode	LED Sequence		
Initial controller power up.	All 3 lights flash once.		
Normal operation, no Ethernet or no Wi-Fi or no Cellular connection, Wi-Fi is switched off.	Green pulsing 1sec on, 1sec off.		
Normal operation, no Ethernet or no Wi-Fi or no Cellular connection, Wi-Fi is switched on.	Green pulsing 0.25sec on, 0.25sec off.		
Normal operation, either Ethernet or Wi-Fi or Cellular connection is made.	Green is on solid.		
Normal operation, Ethernet connection is made. Wi-Fi is switched on	Green is on solid for 2sec, then pulses for 2sec 0.25sec on, 0.25sec off.		
Controller Detected Warning or Fan Warning or Inhibit signal.	Yellow pulsing 1sec on, 1sec off.		
Fan Alarm	Red is on solid.		
Fan Addressing	Red and Green pulsing 1sec on, 1sec off. Yellow pulses quickly when finding fans		
Mode Select	Green pulsing 1sec on, 1sec off, yellow pulsing on-off, red pulsing off-on at 0.25sec rate		
Advanced Settings	All 3 lights are on solid.		
Sensor Mapping	Sequence of lights: green, yellow, red, all off, repeat.		
Resonance Avoidance	Sequence of lights: red, yellow, green, all off, repeat.		

Table 9 - LED indication codes

engineering a better life

ebmpapst

SD Card Update

UPDATE VIA SD CARD

SD Card Update

UPDATE VIA SD CARD

Updating: 5%

9.0 Replacing the controller

If the controller unit becomes faulty and needs to be replaced, ensure that the new controller is at its factory default settings before connecting it to the fan network. As the fans will already be addressed, you can set up the controller to address the fans using Fan "Existing Fan Array".

▲Note 1: The new controller will not identify any set points or configuration parameters from its predecessor other than the fan speed control method e.g. Analogue 0-10V.

ANote 2: The new controller must be manually re-configured to fully match its predecessor settings such as Operating Mode, Alarm Mode, BMS Settings, etc.

10.0 Replacing a fan

The controller allows a single fan in the array to be replaced at a time. When replacing a fan, using the Webserver, go to any fan's status screen and then, if the fan to be replaced is still operating:

- Disconnect the fan to be replaced from the RS485 network and wait for the controller to display this fan's status screen showing a "No Comms" alarm.
- Ensure the mains supply is disconnected.
- Replace the fan and connect the new fan to the RS485 network.
- Switch the new fan ON.
- Wait for the controller to identify the new fan: this will cause the controller to assign the same Modbus address as its predecessor as well as the correct speed control method, depending on the controller's operating mode. The new fan's information can be seen on the Fan Status page.

11.0 Device Factory Reset

In case the Device's password is forgotten, a hard reset is necessary. Connect to the device, open any page that requires password entry (Fan Addressing, Mode Select, or Advanced Settings).

Enter *"ebmMMCUReset"* and press confirm. The dialog box will appear with options to cancel or confirm to proceed with the resetting the device.

The controller will restart and return to the beginning of "Powering up for the first time". Fan array will have to be auto addressed.



default mode and restart. Connection to the device will need to be re-established.

CANCEL

CONFIRM





12.0 Dimensions

ebmpapst





32.3		

13.0 WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic

Equipment)

ebm-papst UK Ltd complies with the Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Regulations through membership of a producer compliance scheme (PCS) as a B2B producer. EEE Producer registration number: WEE/CA0209WR.

14.0 End of life

This product has been designed to consider end-of-life disposal. If the product has come to the end of its life, the unit can be easily disassembled for the components to be recycled. The product has been designed to meet the requirements of the REACH & RoHS directives. Refer to the figure below when dismantling.

15.0 Take back policy

As part of our commitment to minimise the disposal of Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) customers can return the controller at the end of its life. Please contact us on 01245 468555 for details and issue of an end of life RMA number.

16.0 Transport & Storage

PCBs not housed in enclosure should be transported in anti-static build-up bag or static dissipative bags.

- Store in a dry environment.
- Storage temperature: -20°C to +60°C.

17.0 Maintenance and servicing

There are no user serviceable parts.

18.0 CE Certificates

The product has been CE marked. The certificates are available upon request.





```
CN1127 - MMCU
```

Appendix A

A.1 Proportional Control Graph







engineering a better life

ebmpapst

1

Nominal setpoint configured with low system resistance.

An increase in system resistance initially reduces volume flow. Speed may remain similar depending on impeller type.

MMCU responds by increasing fan speed and volume to get back to setpoint.

A decrease in system resistance initially increases volume flow. Speed may remain similar depending on impeller type.

MMCU responds by decreasing fan speed and volume to get back to setpoint.



A.3 Constant Volume with capped fan speed based on Backward curved centrifugal fan

The application should always be designed to allow enough fan performance to cover conditions such as dirty filter or normal increases in system resistance.

If the fan speed has been capped using the Advanced menu, then potentially if the system resistance increases dramatically, it may be impossible to achieve the required setpoint. An alarm is available for that condition. (see 7.12). If a fan failure or failures means that the setpoint can no longer be achieved with the fan speed cap in place there is an option to remove this on fan failure (see 7.4). The implication can be seen in the scenario below.

- 1 Nominal setpoint configured with low system resistance.
- 2 An increase in system resistance initially reduces volume flow. Speed may remain similar depending on impeller type.
- 3 MMCU responds by increasing fan speed and volume to get back to setpoint.
- If the system resistance is beyond the capability of the active fans due to a failure or failures this would cause a reduction in achievable volume if the speed cap is not removed.
- 5 Releasing the speed cap allows the fans to ramp up to maximum speed if required to achieve the setpoint.
- 6 A decrease in system resistance initially increases volume flow. Speed may remain similar depending on impeller type.
- MMCU responds by decreasing fan speed and volume to get back to setpoint and if possible, will reinstate the speed cap.
- 8 A further decrease in system resistance initially increases volume flow. Speed may remain similar depending on impeller type.
- MMCU responds by decreasing fan speed and volume to get back to setpoint.



ebmpapst





A.4 Dual setpoint



Example below is set up for 2000 m³/h for setpoint 1 and 3300m³/h for setpoint 2. Always ensure the fan or fans can achieve the required duty point even under higher system resistance such as a dirty filter condition. The pressure will increase as a square of the volume as performance in increased therefore ensure the fans are designed for the higher back pressures expected.



Appendix B

B.1 Modbus holding registers for site design

ebmpapst

The purpose of the registers below is for system location, configuration and parameter summary.

engineering a better life

SITE DESIGN HOLDING REGISTERS				
ADDR (HEX)	ADDR (DEC)	DESCRIPTION	VALUE	
64	100	CUSTOMER ID	0-65535; 0 is the default value	
65	101	SITE NUMBER	0-65535; 1 is the default value	
66	102	BUILDING NUMBER	0-65535; 1 is the default value	
67	103	UNIT NUMBER	0-65535; 1 is the default value	
68	104	DEVICE ID	1127	
69	105	NUMBER OF SITE DESIGN PARAMETERS	65	
6A	106	NUMBER OF SYSTEM PARAMETERS	21	
6B	107	NUMBER OF POWER UP PARAMETERS	3	
6C	108	NUMBER OF FANS	0-99	
6D	109	NUMBER OF PARAMETERS/FAN	18	
Table 10 Cite	de eigen le eldiner v			

 Table 10 - Site design holding registers

B.2 Modbus holding registers for system configuration and control

SYSTEM CONFIGURATION & CONTROL HOLDING REGISTERS					
ADDR (HEX)	ADDR (DEC)	DESCRIPTION	VALUE		
75	117	CONTROL MODE	0 – Monitor; 1 – Webserver; 2 – Proportional control; 3 – Multisource; 4 – Constant Volume / Pressure		
76	118	RESERVED			
77	119	RESERVED			
78	120	RESERVED			
79	121	FAN ARRAY SPEED SETPOINT	0 – 1000 representing 0-100.0% Note: Write access only in Control mode 3		
7A	122	GROUP 1 SETPOINT 1 HIGH *	0-65535 – higher 16 bits of 32bit unsigned integer		
7B	123	GROUP 1 SETPOINT 1 LOW *	0-65535 – lower 16 bits of 32bit unsigned integer		
7C	124	GROUP 1 SENSOR INPUT MODE	0 – none; 1 – controller; 2 - fan		
7D	125	GROUP 1 SENSOR MAX RANGE	0-3500; representing 0-3500Pa		
7E	126	SENSOR MEASUREMENT UNIT	0 – metric; 1 - imperial		
7F	127	GROUP 1 SENSOR READING METHOD	0 – average; 1 – minimum; 2 - maximum		
80	128	RESERVED			
81	129	RESERVED			
82	130	TOTAL SENSORS	0-99		
83	131	CONSTANT SYSTEM TYPE	0 – Volume; 1 - Pressure		
84	132	GROUP 1 FAN K FACTOR	0 – 65535; representing k factor of fan inlet ring for volume calc		
85	133	PID P VALUE	0 – 65535; 100 default		
86	134	PID I VALUE	0 – 65535; 100 default		
87	135	PID D VALUE	0 – 65535; 100 default		
88	136	GROUP 2 SENSOR INPUT MODE	0 – none; 1 – controller; 2 - fan		

engineering a better life

89	137	GROUP 2 SENSOR MAX RANGE	0-3500; representing 0-3500Pa
8A	138	GROUP 2 SENSOR READING METHOD	0 – average; 1 – minimum; 2 - maximum
8B	139	GROUP 2 FAN K FACTOR	0 – 65535; representing k factor of fan inlet ring for volume calc
8C	140	GROUP 1 SETPOINT 2 HIGH *	0-65535 – higher 16 bits of 32bit unsigned integer
8D	141	GROUP 1 SETPOINT 2 LOW *	0-65535 – lower 16 bits of 32bit unsigned integer
8E	142	GROUP 2 SETPOINT 1 HIGH *	0-65535 – higher 16 bits of 32bit unsigned integer
8F	143	GROUP 2 SETPOINT 1 LOW *	0-65535 – lower 16 bits of 32bit unsigned integer
90	144	GROUP 2 SETPOINT 2 HIGH *	0-65535 – higher 16 bits of 32bit unsigned integer
91	145	GROUP 2 SETPOINT 2 LOW *	0-65535 – lower 16 bits of 32bit unsigned integer
92	146	SETPOINT MODE	0 – single setpoint; 1 – dual setpoint
93	147	OFFSET VALUE / GROUP 2 SPEED SETPOINT	-99 – 100 represents -99% - 100% / 0 -1000 representing 0 – 100.0% (in Group 2 Independent mode)
94	148	SETPOINT TOGGLE	0 – toggles when SW2 is low; 1 – toggles when SW2 is high
95	149	ENABLE SENSOR MONITOR	0 – disable; 1 - enable
96	150	GROUP 1 FAN SENSOR ANALOGUE INPUT	0 – Ain1 (Gen2) / IO1 (Gen3); 1 – Ain2 (Gen2) / IO2 (Gen3)
97	151	GROUP 2 FAN SENSOR ANALOGUE INPUT	0 – Ain1 (Gen2) / IO1 (Gen3); 1 – Ain2 (Gen2) / IO2 (Gen3)
98	152	GROUP 1 SENSOR INPUT CHOICE	0 – 0-10V1; 1 – 0-10V2; 2 – 4-20mA
99	153	GROUP 2 SENSOR INPUT CHOICE	0 – 0-10V1; 1 – 0-10V2; 2 – 4-20mA
9A	154	ENABLE / DISABLE FANS	0 – fans enabled when SW1 is low; 1 – fans disabled when SW1 is high
9B	155	SWITCH OFF / RUN FANS	0 – fans are switched off below minimum cap value; 1 – fans are running at minimum cap speed below minimum cap value
9C	156	HYSTERISIS	0 -100; 0 when disabled
9D	157	EXTERNAL OUTPUT FOLLOWER	0 – Group 1; 1 – Group 2
9E	158	GROUP 1 SENSOR MAPPING	0 – not complete; 1 - complete
9F	159	GROUP 2 SENSOR MAPPING	0 – not complete; 1 - complete
A0	160	RELAY CONFIGURATION	0 – normally closed; 1 – normally open
A1	161	BMS CONFIGURATION	0 – Modbus RTU; 1 – Modbus TCP
A2	162	BMS SYSTEM RESTART	0 – no restart, 1 – Restart MMCU
A3	163	BMS PASSWORD	0 – 65535. This parameter MUST match the value set via webserver during commissioning. Leave as 0 if not used.
A4	164	GROUP 2 INDEPENDENT CONTROL	0 - group 2 is a follower, 1 - group 2 is independent

Table 11 – System configuration and control holding registers

*(1) The Target Volume/Pressure is a 32-bit unsigned integer: the high value represents the higher 16-bits and the low value represents the lower 16-bits

(2) For a Constant Pressure system whose measurement unit is set to IMPERIAL, the target pressure setpoint entered here will be the pressure in inch of water times 100 e.g. for a setpoint of 4.010 inch of water, write 0 to the HIGH register and 4010 to the LOW register.

B.3 Modbus holding registers for remote system overview

The purpose of the registers below is for remote monitoring of group 1 and group 2 fan array statuses such as group total power consumption and group total volume or pressure. The registers are read only.

ebmpapst

engineering a better life

	SYSTEM DATA HOLDING REGISTERS				
ADDR (HEX)	ADDR (DEC)	DESCRIPTION	DETAILS		
12D	301	CONTROLLER UPTIME SECOND COUNTER HIGH BYTES	THE HIGHER 16-BITS OF A 32-BIT UNSIGNED INTEGER REPRESENTING CONTROLLER SECONDS SINCE LAST RESTART		
12E	302	CONTROLLER UPTIME SECOND COUNTER LOW BYTES	THE LOWER 16-BITS OF A 32-BIT UNSIGNED INTEGER REPRESENTING CONTROLLER SECONDS SINCE LAST RESTART		
12F	303	GROUP 1 FANS WITH ALARMS	NUMBER OF GROUP 1 FANS DISPLAYING ONE OR MORE ALARM CONDITION		
130	304	GROUP 1 FANS WITH NO COMMS	NUMBER OF GROUP 1 FANS NOT RESPONDING TO MODBUS MESSAGES FROM THE CONTROLLER		
131	305	GROUP 1 FANS WITH WARNINGS	NUMBER OF GROUP 1 FANS DISPLAYING ONE OR MORE WARNING CONDITIONS		
132	306	GROUP 1 NUMBER OF FAILED SENSORS	NUMBER OF GROUP 1 FAILED SENSORS		
133	307	GROUP 1 FAN ARRAY SPEED SETPOINT	GROUP 1 FAN ARRAY SPEED SETPOINT (0-100%)		
134	308	GROUP 1 TOTAL POWER CONSUMPTION HIGH BYTES	THE HIGHER 16-BITS OF A 32-BIT UNSIGNED INTEGER REPRESENTING THE TOTAL POWER CONSUMPTION OF GROUP 1 FAN ARRAY (W)		
135	309	GROUP 1 TOTAL POWER CONSUMPTION LOW BYTES	THE LOWER 16-BITS OF A 32-BIT UNSIGNED INTEGER REPRESENTING THE TOTAL POWER CONSUMPTION OF GROUP 1 FAN ARRAY (W)		
136	310	GROUP 1 TOTAL VOLUME/PRESSURE HIGH BYTES	THE HIGHER 16-BITS OF A 32-BIT UNSIGNED INTEGER REPRESENTING GROUP 1 SENSOR READING IN m3/h, CFM, Pa or INWG (0-65535) *		
137	311	GROUP 1 TOTAL VOLUME/PRESSURE LOW BYTES	THE LOWER 16-BITS OF A 32-BIT UNSIGNED INTEGER REPRESENTING GROUP 1 SENSOR READING IN m3/h, CFM, Pa or INWG (0-65535) *		
138	312	GROUP 2 FANS WITH ALARMS	NUMBER OF GROUP 2 FANS DISPLAYING ONE OR MORE ALARM CONDITION		
139	313	GROUP 2 FANS WITH NO COMMS	NUMBER OF GROUP 2 FANS NOT RESPONDING TO MODBUS MESSAGES FROM THE CONTROLLER		
13A	314	GROUP 2 FANS WITH WARNINGS	NUMBER OF GROUP 2 FANS DISPLAYING ONE OR MORE WARNING CONDITIONS		
13B	315	GROUP 2 NUMBER OF FAILED SENSORS	NUMBER OF GROUP 2 FAILED SENSORS		
13C	316	GROUP 2 FAN ARRAY SPEED SETPOINT	GROUP 2 FAN ARRAY SPEED SETPOINT (0-100%)		
13D	317	GROUP 2 TOTAL POWER CONSUMPTION HIGH BYTES	THE HIGHER 16-BITS OF A 32-BIT UNSIGNED INTEGER REPRESENTING THE TOTAL POWER CONSUMPTION OF GROUP 2 FAN ARRAY (W)		
13E	318	GROUP 2 TOTAL POWER CONSUMPTION LOW BYTES	THE LOWER 16-BITS OF A 32-BIT UNSIGNED INTEGER REPRESENTING THE TOTAL POWER CONSUMPTION OF GROUP 2 FAN ARRAY (W)		
13F	319	GROUP 2 TOTAL VOLUME/PRESSURE HIGH BYTES	THE HIGHER 16-BITS OF A 32-BIT UNSIGNED INTEGER REPRESENTING GROUP 2 SENSOR READING IN m3/h, CFM, Pa or INWG (0-65535) *		
140	320	GROUP 2 TOTAL VOLUME/PRESSURE LOW BYTES	THE LOWER 16-BITS OF A 32-BIT UNSIGNED INTEGER REPRESENTING GROUP 2 SENSOR READING IN m3/h, CFM, Pa or INWG (0-65535) *		

Table 12 - System data holding registers

* If "Unit Type = Pressure" and "Measurement Unit = Imperial" then the value is presented as (INWG x 1000)

B.4 Modbus holding registers for individual fan monitoring

The purpose of the registers is for remote monitoring of individual fans of the system. A "2-Fan Array" is used as an example. This set of registers scales up and down depending on the total connected fans.

ebmpapst

engineering a better life

Parameter №	ADDR (hex)	DESCRIPTION (Locally Stored Registers)
Daramatar 1	CB00	FAN 1 - FAN STATUS (0= No Comms, 1= Healthy, 2= Alarm, 3= Warning)
Parameter 1	CB01	FAN 2 - FAN STATUS (0= No Comms, 1= Healthy, 2= Alarm, 3= Warning)
Darameter 2	CB02	FAN 1 – ALARM REGISTER *
Parameter 2	CB03	FAN 2 – ALARM REGISTER *
Darameter 2	CB04	FAN 1 – WARNING REGISTER *
Parameter 5	CB05	FAN 2 – WARNING REGISTER *
Deremeter 4	CB06	FAN 1 - POWER (W)
Parameter 4	CB07	FAN 2 - POWER (W)
Darameter F	CB08	FAN 1 - SPEED (RPM)
Parameter 5	CB09	FAN 2 - SPEED (RPM)
Daramatar 6	CB0A	FAN 1 - RPM LIMIT (RPM)
Parameter 6	CBOB	FAN 2 - RPM LIMIT (RPM)
Deremeter 7	CBOC	FAN 1 - MOTOR TEMPERATURE (ºC)
Parameter 7	CBOD	FAN 2 - MOTOR TEMPERATURE (ºC)
Daramatar 9	CB0E	FAN 1 - ELECTRONICS TEMPERATURE (ºC)
Parameter 8	CB0F	FAN 2 - ELECTRONICS TEMPERATURE (ºC)
Deremeter 0	CB10	FAN 1 - HOURS RUN (hours)
Parameter 9	CB11	FAN 2 - HOURS RUN (hours)
Development of 10	CB12	FAN 1 – SPEED SETPOINT (0-100%)
Parameter 10	CB13	FAN 2 – SPEED SETPOINT (0-100%)
Doromotor 11	CB14	FAN 1 - SENSOR READING (m3/h, Pa, cfm, in.w.g) **
Parameter 11	CB15	FAN 2 - SENSOR READING (m3/h, Pa, cfm, in.w.g) **
Deremeter 12	CB16	FAN 1 - VIBRATION SENSOR STATUS REGISTER ***
Parameter 12	CB17	FAN 2 - VIBRATION SENSOR STATUS REGISTER ***
Darameter 12	CB18	FAN 1 - VIBRATION VELOCITY X (HARMONIC) ****
Parameter 15	CB19	FAN 2 - VIBRATION VELOCITY X (HARMONIC) ****
Paramotor 14	CB20	FAN 1 - VIBRATION VELOCITY Y (HARMONIC) ****
Parameter 14	CB21	FAN 2 - VIBRATION VELOCITY Y (HARMONIC) ****
Daramatar 15	CB22	FAN 1 - VIBRATION VELOCITY Z (HARMONIC) ****
Parameter 15	CB23	FAN 2 - VIBRATION VELOCITY Z (HARMONIC) ****
Darameter 16	CB24	FAN 1 - VIBRATION VELOCITY X (RMS) ****
Parameter 10	CB25	FAN 2 - VIBRATION VELOCITY X (RMS) ****
Parameter 17	CB26	FAN 1 - VIBRATION VELOCITY Y (RMS) ****
Parameter 17	CB27	FAN 2 - VIBRATION VELOCITY Y (RMS) ****
Darameter 10	CB28	FAN 1 - VIBRATION VELOCITY Z (RMS) ****
Parameter 18	CB29	FAN 2 - VIBRATION VELOCITY Z (RMS) ****

Table 13 - Locally stored fan data holding registers

* See Table 14 below for information about the fan alarm and fan warning registers

** in.w.g scaled value is represented as "Value * 1000".

*** See Table 15 below for information about the Vibration Sensor Status Register. This register is not available for Gen 2 fans, the value will be 0.



engineering a better life

**** Vibration Velocity Registers are represented as "Value * 10". For example, value "25" corresponds to "2.5 mm/s". These registers are not available for Gen 2 fans, the value will be 0.

For parameter, the equation below can be used to derive the Modbus Address (in decimal):

Modbus Address = 51967 + (Parameter Number * Total Fans) - (Total Fans – Fan Number)

NOTE: Do not to read/write more than 50 consecutive registers at a time, otherwise a Modbus Exception Response will occur.

B.5 Fan Alarm and Warning Register

ebmpapst

			FAN ALARM REGISTER					
Coding:								
MSB	0	0	0	UzLow	0	RL_Cal	0 n_Limit	
LSB	BLK	HLL	TFM	FB	SKF	TFE	0 PHA	
lf a bit ha	is been set	, the erro	or describe	d below h	as occurr	ed:		
UzLow: RL_Cal: n_Limit:	DC-linl Rotor p Speed	k undervo position s limit exce	oltage ensor calil eeded	bration er	ror (see al	lso 2.63.1))	
BLK: HLL:	Motor I Hall se	blocked insor erro	r					
TFM:	Motor	overheate	ed					
FB: SKE	Fan Ba Comm	id (gener unication	al error) ⁻⁾	veen mas	ter contro	ller and sla	ave controller	
TFE:	Output	stage	erheated	veen mas	ter contro			
PHA:	Phase	failure	FAN V	VARNIN	G REGI	STER	devices)	
^{•)} "Fan Ba	ad" is set fo	or every e	error					
MOD	IDE	LleHigh	0	UzHigh	0	OpenCir	n Low PL Cal	
MSB	LIKI	Denign	0	OZHIGH	0	openon.	II_LOW RL_Cal	
LSB	Brake	UzLow	TEI_high	TM_high	TE_high	P_Limit	L_high I_Limit	
LRF	: Shedding	function	active - (s	ee 0				
Sheddin	ig tunction) I ine	voltage h	iah					
UzHigh	: DC-I	ink voltag	e high					
OpenCi	r. : Oper	n circuit a	t analog in	put or PW	/M input fo	or the set v	alue	
	(Volta or si	age at an ional at P	alog input WM input	< open cil statically l	rcuit limit v high)	alue - see	2.52,	
n_Low	: Actu	al speed	is lower th	an speed	limit for ru	nning mon	itoring (see 0)	
RL_Cal	: Calib	ration of	rotor posit	ion senso	r in progre	ss (see 2.	63.1)	
Brake	Brake : Braking mode: set in the case of external drive in opposite direction at high speed for lengthy period							
UzLow	UzLow : DC link voltage low							
TEI_higi	h :Tem	perature i	inside elec	tronics high	gh			
TE high	n : Moto	or tempera	ature nign temperatui	re hiah				
P_Limit	: Pow	er limiter	in action					
L_high	: Line	impedan	ce too high	n (DC-link	voltage ur	nstable)		
	. Curr	entimitat	aon in actio					

Table 14 - Fan alarm & warning registers

engineering a better life

B.6 Fan Vibration Sensor Status Register

Coding:									
MSB	0	0	0	0	0	Filter	RMS	Harm.	
LSB	0	0	0	Ranges	GI_Err	Test run	Limit	Mask-out	
The setting of bit activates the status:									
Filter: Vibration velocity (filtered) limit value (see 0) exceededRMS: Vibration velocity (RMS) limit value (see 0) exceededHarm.: Vibration velocity (harmonic) limit value (see 0) exceededRanges: More than 5 ranges were detected in the test run (see 0)GI_Err: Communication with vibration sensor interruptedTest run: Test run interval elapsed (more than 6 months since last test run)Limit: Vibration velocity limit value (see 0) exceeded (collective message)is set if a vibration velocity (filter, RMS, harmonic) has been exceeded. Possibly not synchronous with individual messages due to low-pass behaviorMask-out: Set value is masked-out (operating set value is within a mask-out range)									

Table 15 – Fan vibration sensor status register

B.7 Modbus Direct fan access

Use below Modbus Direct fan access registers to communicate with a fan directly. It is only possible to access the registers of one fan at a time. Fan Modbus Address Register 0x1FF value can be set to change the communicating fan. Generation 3 Fans support D000 – D67F, but more addresses are reserved for future expansion.



engineering a better life

Functions Read Holding Registers (0x03), Read Input Registers (0x04), and Write Single Register (0x06) are supported. For more information on the available fan registers please consult the relevant version of Modbus specification for the generation of fan motor used.

Example of communicating with Fan 4 to set its speed to 100%:

BMS writes "4" to Fan Modbus Address Register 0x1FF, then "65535" to holding register 0x201, which is equivalent to Holding register D001 of Fan 4.

ADDR (HEX)	ADDR (DEC)	DESCRIPTION	DETAILS
1FF	511	FAN MODBUS ADDRES	SELECT FAN MODBUS ADDRESS. 0 TO BROADCAST TO ALL FANS IN THE SYSTEM
200	512	START ADDRESS	FAN X ADDRESS D000
9FF	2559	END ADDRESSS	FAN X ADDRESS D7FF

Table 16 - Modbus Direct fan access holding registers

NOTE 1: Do not read/write more than 9 (Gen2) or 14 (Gen3) consecutive "retrieved from fan" registers at a time, otherwise a Modbus Exception Response will occur.

▲ NOTE 2: The controller will respond to the BMS after the communication with the fan has completed. A Modbus Exception Response will be returned to the BMS if the read/write to the fan has failed or the fan has no comms.

Appendix C

C.1 Change notes V1.1.0

- Added new Controller Parameters:
 - BMS System Restart
 - BMS Password
 - o Group 2 Independent Control
 - Reduced Fan Sensor reading from 32bit to 16bit value
- Added new Fan Parameters:
 - Vibration Sensor Status Register Parameter 12
 - Vibration Velocity X (Harmonic) Parameter 13
 - Vibration Velocity Y (Harmonic) Parameter 14
 - Vibration Velocity Z (Harmonic) Parameter 15
 - Vibration Velocity X (RMS) Parameter 16
 - Vibration Velocity Y (RMS) Parameter 17
 - Vibration Velocity Z (RMS) Parameter 18
- Table 10 has been updated to include the above registers
- Fans in Monitor Mode are now not stopped when Mode Select and Advanced Settings Pages are entered.
- Updates to Modbus TCP
- Updates to SD card update functionality, now includes webserver updates
- Updates to communication with Auto/Hand module
- Updates to Mode Select Page:
 - When 2 groups are present, there is now a choice to run Group 2 Offset Tracking or Group 2 Independent mode.
 - To control Group 2 in Webserver mode if independent mode is selected, Offset Value register is used for speed control.
 - In Proportional and Multisource Control modes 0-10V 1 input is now fixed to Group 1, and 0-10V 2 input is now fixed to Group 2 if independent control is selected
- Updates to Live Status (Summary) page:
 - Added Auto/Hand module warnings
- Updates to Fan Status page:
 - Displays fans in selected group only
 - Added live resonance monitoring for Gen 3 fans
 - Added resonance related warning for Gen 3 fans
 - Updates to Device Information section in Advanced Settings page:
 - Added Serial Number
 - Added Webserver Version
 - o Added Controller Uptime
 - Added "Set MMCU to run as a client" checkbox
- Updates to Communication Settings for BMS in Advanced Settings page:
 - BMS password added
 - TCP subnet mask added
- Updates to System Reset and Restart section in Advanced Settings page:
 - Added Restart button
 - o UI improvements for this section
- Updates to Relay Output Configuration:
- Controller Warnings is now a selectable option
- Updates to password entry page:
 - o Replaced MAC address with Serial Number
 - Password entry is now required before fans are stopped.
 - Reset password entry UI improvements
- Added 10-minute inactivity timer to return to live status page
- Added URL redirections for better user experience
- Reworked Device Setup Page:
 - Added Serial Number requirement
 - UI improvements
 - Various UI improvements
- Various code improvements
- Various bug fixes

ebmpapst

www.ebmpapst.com

engineering a better life

ebm papst UK Chelmsford Business Park, CM2 5EZ, United Kingdom +44 (0) 1245 456530 info@uk.ebmpapst.com